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HEALTH LAWS

Rules and Regulations and Ordinances

revised
OF THE

BOARD OF SUPERVISORS

OF THE ~~WITHDRAWN~~

City and County of San Francisco

State of California

Compiled by the

BOARD OF HEALTH

1908

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**CONCERNING THE REGISTRATION OF
BIRTHS.**

**EXTRACTS FROM REGISTRATION LAW
(CONDENSED).**

**Political Code, Section 3074 to 3083, or Chapter CX,
Statutes of California, 1905.**

Political Code, Section 3077. Physicians, midwives, nurses and other persons assisting at a birth shall return a certificate of such birth properly filled out, to the local registrar within five days thereafter. In case there shall be no physician, midwife or nurse attending at such birth, it shall be the duty of the parents or next of kin, of any child born in this State to return this certificate, properly filled out, to the local registrar within ten days after such birth.

In case the child is not named, the local registrar shall deliver to such parents, next of kin, physician, midwife or other person furnishing such certificate of birth a supplemental blank for report of given name, which shall be filled out and returned as soon as the child shall be named.

Sec. 3082. Any officer or person who fails, neglects or refuses to perform any of the duties imposed upon him under the law for the registration of births or by the instructions and directions of the State Registrar, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

CONCERNING THE REGISTRATION OF DEATHS.

EXTRACTS FROM REGISTRATION LAW (CONDENSED).

Chapter CXIX, Statutes of California, 1905, superseding Political Code, Section 3084 (repealed).

Sec. 4. The body or remains of no person whose death occurs in the State shall be interred, deposited in a vault, grave or tomb, cremated, disinterred or otherwise disposed of, or removed from or into any registration district until a permit for burial, disinterment or removal shall have been properly issued by the registrar of the registration district in which the death occurs. And no such burial or removal permit shall be issued by any registrar until a complete and satisfactory certificate of death has been filed with him.

Secs. 6 and 7. The medical certificate shall be made and signed by the physician, if any, last in attendance on the deceased (or by the coroner to whom the case may be referred by the local registrar). The physician (or coroner) shall state the cause of death so as to show the course of disease or sequence of causes resulting in death, giving the primary and immediate causes, and contributing causes, if any, and the duration of each. Indefinite and unsatisfactory terms indicating only symptoms of disease or conditions resulting from disease will not be held sufficient for issuing a burial or removal permit, and any certificate containing only such terms, as defined by the State Registrar, shall be returned to the physician (or

coroner) for correction or definition. Causes of death which may be the result of either disease or violence shall be carefully defined; and if from violence, its nature shall be stated, and whether accidental, suicidal or homicidal. For cause of death in hospitals, institutions, or away from home, the physician (or coroner) shall furnish the special information required under this head, and shall state where, in his opinion, the disease was contracted. The cause of death and all other facts required shall in all cases be stated in accordance with the instructions and directions of the State Registrar.

Sec. 8. The undertaker, or person acting as undertaker, shall be responsible for obtaining and filing the certificate of death with the registrar and securing a burial or removal permit prior to any disposition of the body. He shall obtain the personal and statistical particulars required from the person best qualified to supply them over the signature (or name) and address of his informant. He shall then present the certificate to the attending physician, if any, or to the coroner, as directed by the registrar, for the medical certificate of the cause of death and other particulars necessary to complete the record. And he shall then state the facts required relative to the date and place of burial over his signature and with his address, and present the completed certificate to the registrar within the time limit, if any, designated by the local board of health for the issuance of a burial or removal permit. The undertaker shall deliver the burial permit to the sexton or person in charge of the premises before interring the body, or attach it to the box containing the corpse, when shipped by any transportation company, to accompany

same to destination, when it shall be accepted by the sexton as authority for the interment of the body.

Sec. 11. No sexton or person in charge of any premises in which interments are made shall inter or permit the interment of any body unless it is accompanied by a burial, removal or transit permit as required by law for the registration of deaths.

Secs. 17 and 18. Any undertaker, physician, registrar, deputy registrar, sub-registrar, sexton or other person who shall wilfully neglect or refuse to perform any duties imposed upon him by the law for the registration of deaths shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor. * * At the instance of the State Registrar, the prosecuting attorney or other proper officer of any county or municipality shall forthwith initiate and promptly follow up the necessary court proceedings against the parties responsible for the alleged violations of law.

ORDER NO. 2,709.

(Approved November 1, 1893.)

Regulating the Disposition of Bodies of Persons Dying from Criminal Causes.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Autopsies in Cases of Sudden Death Prohibited
Except upon Permit from Coroner.)

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to perform, or assist in performing any autopsy

or other post-mortem examination upon the body of any person who has died suddenly or whose death has resulted from injury, or upon the bodies of persons found under such circumstances as to lead to a suspicion of crime having been committed, or in cases of accidental deaths or suicides, except a permit to perform such autopsy or post-mortem examination has been issued by the Coroner.

(Removal of Body of Any Person Dying Suddenly Prohibited, Except on Permit from Coroner or Health Officer.)

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove, or aid in removing, the body of any deceased person from the place where the death of such person has occurred, except permission to remove said body has been granted by the Coroner or Health Officer, or a regularly licensed physician, who has been in attendance upon the deceased for not less than twenty-four hours prior to death, shall have certified that the death was not directly or indirectly the result of criminal causes.

(Disposal in Any Manner of Body of Deceased Person Without Permit from Coroner or Health Officer Prohibited.)

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, except upon authorization by the Coroner, or Health Officer, to dispose of or in any manner to aid in the disposal of, whether by burial, dissection or otherwise, of the body or parts thereof of any person whose death has resulted from the performance or an effort to perform a criminal abortion.

(Permits to Inter or Remove any Remains of Deceased Persons—How Obtained.)

Sec. 4. It shall be unlawful for any person to obtain, or induce, or assist others in obtaining, or attempt to secure from the proper authorities any permit to inter, remove or otherwise dispose of the remains of any deceased person, except that the party desiring such permit shall present to the Health Officer a certificate of death, which shall clearly and truthfully show the name and age of decedent, the precise location where the death occurred, and, if the same has been caused by criminal abortion, either as a direct or indirect consequence, the certificate shall so state.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 5. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. (As amended by Order No. 261 (Second Series) approved December 8, 1899.)

ORDER NO. 2,457.

(Approved October 6, 1891.)

Providing for the Interment or Placing in a Vault of all Decedents within a Period of Five Days after Death, or within a Like Period after the Arrival of any Dead Body for Interment in this City and County.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Interment of Decedents.)

Section 1. The bodies of all deceased persons dying within the City and County of San Francisco, also the bodies of all deceased persons brought to this city and county for interment, must be interred or placed in a vault in some cemetery within a period of five days from the occurrence of the death of such person dying in this city and county, and in the case of bodies transported to this city and county for burial, within a like period of five days from and after the date of arrival of such body.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 2. Any person or persons having charge of the disposal of any deceased person's remains whether such decedent shall have died in the City and County of San Francisco or have been transported to said city and county for burial, who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty dollars nor more than one hundred dollars.

ORDINANCE NO. 25.

(Approved March 30, 1900.)

**Prohibiting the Burial of the Dead Within the City
and County of San Francisco.**

Whereas, the burial of the dead within the City and County of San Francisco is dangerous to life and detrimental to the public health; therefore,

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, association or corporation, from and after the 1st day of August, A. D. 1901, to bury or inter, or cause to be interred or buried, the dead body of any person in any cemetery, graveyard or other place within the City and County of San Francisco, exclusive of those portions thereof which belong to the United States, or are within its exclusive jurisdiction.

Sec. 2. Any person, association or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred (\$100) dollars, nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. Order No. 1961, and all Orders or parts of Orders in conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

ORDER NO. 2,126.

(Approved October 31, 1889.)

Relating to the Embalming of Bodies of Deceased Persons.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Embalming Without Certificate of Death or Permit from Coroner Prohibited.)

Section 1. No person shall use any embalming or preservative material in or upon the body of any deceased person, either by what is known as the "cavity injection" or "temporary embalming," or by injection into the blood vessels, or by and other means, or at all, without first obtaining a certificate of death from the attending physician, if there had been one, or in his absence, or in the event there had been no attending physician, then a certificate of death or a permit to embalm from the Coroner. Nothing herein contained shall be deemed to forbid the use of ice in and upon such body, for the preservation thereof.

(Record of the Use of any Embalming Fluid Must be Kept.)

Sec. 2. Any person using any of the material mentioned in Section 1 (excepting ice), after having obtained the certificate or permit therein required, shall make and keep a record of the use of such material, showing the time and place of its use and the means employed and the material used. Said record shall be exhibited by the person keeping the same to the Coroner or any peace officer whenever an exhibition thereof is demanded by him.

(Certificate of Death to be Issued by Attending Physician within Two Hours after Demand, except where the Post-Mortem Examination is Held.)

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of every attending physician to give the certificate of death required

by law within two hours after demand made therefor, except in such cases where a post-mortem examination is necessary to determine the cause of death.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than one hundred dollars, nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDER NO. 2,748.

(Approved March 21, 1894.)

Providing Regulations Relating to Crematories.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. No person shall erect, maintain or use any furnace or other contrivance for reducing to cinders or ashes, bodies of human beings, within three hundred feet of any street or highway or park of the city. Nor shall any such contrivance be maintained or used unless it be constructed and used so as not to be detrimental to the public health and decency. Any person violating this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by im-

prisonment in the County Jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDER NO. 241.

(Second Series.)

(Approved December 8, 1899.)

Regulating the Cremation of Human Remains.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. When a person dies in the City and County of San Francisco, and it is the intention of the person whose duty it is to dispose of the body to cremate it, there must be filed on a form prescribed by the Board of Health an application for a permit to cremate said body, signed by him or his agent.

Sec. 2. The person applying must file with the proper officer a certificate, signed by a physician, or a coroner, or two reputable citizens, setting forth as near as possible the name, age, color, place of birth, occupation, date, locality and cause of death of the deceased.

Sec. 3. After the application and certificate are filed, the Inspector of Disinterments (or such other person as may be designated in writing by the Board of Health or Health Officer) shall immediately inquire into the circumstances relating to the death, and within twelve hours after such application is filed, to report, in writing, to the Health

Officer as to whether, in his opinion, death resulted from natural causes, and whether there are reasons why said body should not be cremated.

Sec. 4. When said report is filed and sufficient reasons are not given why cremation should not take place, the Board of Health or Health Officer shall issue a written permit for the cremation.

Sec. 5. A permit shall not be given to cremate a body upon which a Coroner's inquest is pending until the cause of death has been attested by the proper authority—except any part of a body, or the contents of a body proposed to be cremated may be removed and preserved as evidence, the same as in case of interment, and when such parts or contents are removed the body may be cremated.

Sec. 6. It shall be unlawful, without a permit, to remove from said City and County for the purpose of cremation the remains of any human being who died within its limits; nor shall any such remains be removed and cremated without a permit from said Board of Health or Health Officer to so remove and cremate, as provided for in this Order, and any person who, as undertaker, or agent, or otherwise obtains a permit to remove a body from said city and county for the purpose of interment, who cremates said body or is privy thereto, is guilty of a misdemeanor. When death results from contagious disease a special permit to remove and cremate may be issued by the Board of Health or Health Officer.

Provided, That in case of death from any cause whatever, a special permit may be issued by the

Board of Health or Health Officer, to remove and cremate or to cremate without removal, a body at any time.

Sec. 7. When death results from contagious disease (within the meaning of the words "contagious diseases"), as defined by said Board of Health or by law the body shall not be publicly exposed, and said remains shall be cremated without being taken from the case enclosing them, and said Board of Health may adopt regulations prescribing the manner and shape in which the remains referred to in this section shall be prepared for cremation.

Sec. 8. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order is guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment not to exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

REGULATING THE REPORTING OF CONTAGIOUS DISEASES.

ORDER NO. 3042.

Sec. 6. It shall be the duty of each physician in this City and County to report to the Health Office, in writing, every patient he shall have laboring under smallpox, Asiatic cholera, diphtheria, scarlet fever, typhoid fever, measles, tuberculosis, chicken-pox, or other contagious disease immediately after he shall be satisfied of the nature of the disease. He shall also report to the same office every case of death from such disease immediately after it shall have occurred.

Any person who shall violate any of the pro-

visions of this section shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDINANCE NO. 87.

(Approved June 6, 1900.)

Empowering the Board of Health to Quarantine Persons, Houses, Places and Districts, when in Its Judgment it is Deemed Necessary to Prevent the Spreading of Contagious or Infectious Diseases.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Health of this City and County is hereby authorized and empowered to quarantine persons, houses, places and districts within this City and County, when in its judgment it is deemed necessary to prevent the spreading of contagious or infectious diseases.

Sec. 2. All Orders and Ordinances and parts of Orders and Ordinances in so far as they conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1034.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Regulations to Prevent the Spread of Disease.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. The term "contagious disease" shall include every disease of an infectious, contagious or pestilential nature, particularly cholera, yellow fever, smallpox, varicella, pulmonary tuberculosis, diphtheria, membranous croup, scarlet fever, typhus fever, measles and every other disease publicly declared by the Board of Health to be dangerous to the public health.

Sec. 2. Every physician must report in writing to the Board of Health, within twenty-four hours after he has been called to attend any person affected with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, except pulmonary tuberculosis, the name and place of residence of such person and the name and state of the disease. In the event of the death of any person afflicted with any such disease, the attending physician must report in writing to the Board of Health, within twenty-four hours thereafter, the name and place of residence of the deceased, and the specific name and type of such disease.

Sec. 3. Every physician, and every person having the control or management of any public or private institution or dispensary, shall report in writing to the Board of Health the name, age, sex, occupation and place of residence of every person

afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis who shall have come under his care, within one week thereafter.

Sec. 4. Every person afflicted with pulmonary tuberculosis, and every person in attendance upon any person so afflicted, and every person in charge of any private or public hospital or dispensary, shall observe and enforce all sanitary rules and regulations adopted by the Board of Health to prevent the spread of pulmonary tuberculosis.

Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with or obstruct the officers or inspectors of the Board of Health in the examination of any building or premises wherein a person is reported to be afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease.

Sec. 6. The Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to post in a conspicuous place upon any building or premises wherein any person is afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, a notice specifying the name of such disease. It shall be unlawful for any person to interfere with the posting of such notice or to tear down or mutilate any notice so posted by the Board of Health in or upon any building or premises.

Sec. 7. The master or chief officer of any vessel within one-fourth of a mile of any wharf, dock, pier or any building in this City and County, and not in quarantine or within the quarantine limits, shall report daily, in writing, to the Board of Health the name of any person on such vessel afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, the name and particulars of such disease and the condition of the person afflicted therewith.

Sec. 8. The master or chief officer of any vessel which shall arrive in this port, and every physician who practiced on such vessel, shall, immediately upon arrival, report in writing to the Board of Health all facts concerning any person who may have been afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease during the voyage to this port, and also all the facts concerning any person or thing carried on such vessel during such voyage which, in his opinion, may endanger the public health of this City and County.

Sec. 9. Whenever the Board of Health shall have reason to suspect the presence of an infectious, contagious or pestilential disease within any building or premises, and the physician in attendance or the head of the family refuses to permit the representative of the Board of Health to examine the person suspected of being afflicted with such disease, the Board of Health shall quarantine the premises and prevent egress and ingress from and to the same until such examination is permitted or until said Board has practiced disinfection and detention to its satisfaction.

Sec. 10. Whenever any person residing in a hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or tenement-house is afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, the owner, lessee, keeper or manager of such place must immediately give notice thereof to the Board of Health. Immediately upon the receipt of such notice the Board of Health must cause an examination of the person so afflicted, and, if in its judgment it be necessary, it shall cause such hotel, boarding-house, lodging-house or tenement-house, or any part thereof, to be immediately cleansed and disinfected in an effective manner; and the Board of Health may

cause the walls thereof to be whitewashed, or any wallpaper thereon to be removed or replaced; and it may cause the bedding and bedclothes used by the person so afflicted to be thoroughly cleansed, scoured and fumigated, or, if necessary, to be destroyed.

Sec. 11. Every undertaker employed to manage the interment of any person who has died of any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease must give immediate notice thereof to the Board of Health. It shall be unlawful for any undertaker to retain, or expose or assist in the detention or exposure of the dead body of any such person unless the same be in a coffin or casket, properly sealed, or to allow any such body to be placed in a coffin or casket unless such body has been thoroughly disinfected and wrapped in a sheet saturated with a 1-500 solution of bi-chloride of mercury, and unless the coffin or casket is of metallic substance and hermetically sealed immediately after the body has been placed therein.

Sec. 12. It shall be unlawful for any person to remove the body of any person who has died from an infectious, contagious or pestilential disease from the room in which the death occurred, except for burial or cremation; and the body of any person so dying must be interred or cremated within twenty-four hours after the time of death; provided, however, that the Board of Health may by special permit, good cause appearing therefor, extend said time; but in no case shall such extension be for more than thirty-six hours from the time of death.

Sec. 13. It shall be unlawful for any person having the possession or charge of the remains of any

person who shall have died of any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease to permit such remains to be viewed by any person except the attending physician, the representatives of the Board of Health, the undertaker, and his assistants, and the immediate members of the family of the decedent, or to permit formal services to be held over such remains within the premises where the death of such person occurred, or to remove or cause to be removed the body of such deceased person from said premises to any place other than a cemetery or crematory.

Sec. 14. It shall be unlawful for any undertaker to assist in a public or church funeral of the body of any person who has died of an infectious, contagious or pestilential disease.

Sec. 15. It shall be unlawful for any person, without a written permit from the Board of Health, to remove, or cause to be removed, any person afflicted with an infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, from any building to any other building, or from any vessel to any other vessel, or to the shore, or to any public vehicle.

Sec. 16. It shall be unlawful for any person having charge or control of any person afflicted with an infectious, contagious or pestilential disease, or having control of the dead body of any person who has died of any such disease, to cause or contribute to the spread of any such disease by any negligent act in the care of such sick person, or such dead body, or by the needless exposure of himself in the community.

Sec. 17. It shall be unlawful for any principal or superintendent of any public or private school,

or any parent, guardian or custodian of any minor child afflicted with any infectious, contagious or pestilential disease or in whose household any person is so afflicted, to permit such minor to attend any public or private school until the Board of Health shall have given its written permission therefor.

Sec. 18. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 19. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE No. 515.

(Approved June 30, 1902.)

An Ordinance requiring the Reporting of Varicella to the Health Officer.

Whereas, experience demonstrates that varioloid is frequently mistaken for varicella and many lives thereby imperiled, therefore

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Every physician practicing in this City and County shall report in writing to the Health Officer every case of varicella or chicken-

pox of which he may have professional knowledge within twenty-four hours after he shall be satisfied of the nature of the disease.

Sec. 2. Any person violating the above provision shall upon conviction thereof be guilty of a misdemeanor and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding \$500 or imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDER No. 1,738.

(Approved September 26, 1883.)

Prohibiting the Landing from any Vessel of Persons Afflicted with Leprosy or Elephantiasis Within the Bay of San Francisco and Providing for the Removal of Persons so Afflicted to the Lazaretto.

(Preamble.)

Whereas, The public welfare demands that some action be taken to prevent the landing of persons within this City and County afflicted with the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis, which diseases are, in the judgment of this Board, contagious under certain circumstances and conditions; and

Whereas, in view of the dreadful results of said diseases, every means justifiable for the protection and preservation of life should be taken by this Board to prevent the free and unrestricted coming of persons from foreign ports who are so afflicted; therefore

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(No Leper or Person Afflicted with Elephantiasis to Land from any Ship or Boat.)

Section 1. No person afflicted with the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis shall, upon any pretext whatsoever, be permitted to land from any vessel of boat upon the shore or within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco.

(Captains, Officers, Owners, Consignees or Agents of Vessels Arriving to Prevent the Landing of Lepers from Such Vessels.)

Sec. 2. No captain or other officer in command of any vessel arriving at the port of San Francisco, nor any owner, consignee, agent, or other person having charge of such vessel, shall land or permit to leave said vessel, in this port, any person afflicted with the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis.

(Captains or other Persons having Control of Vessels Arriving, or in the Harbor, having Leprosy, etc., on Board, to report the same to Quarantine Officer within twenty-four hours of the Arrival.)

Sec. 3. All captains and other officers bringing vessels into the harbor of San Francisco, and all masters, owners or consignees having vessels in the harbor which have on board any cases of leprosy or elephantiasis, shall, within twenty-four hours after the arrival of said vessels, report the same in writing to the Quarantine Officer, or as soon thereafter as they or either of them become

aware of the existence of said disease on board of their vessels; the said report to state the name, place of birth, last residence, age and occupation of all such persons so afflicted.

(All Persons Prohibited from Assisting in the Landing of Lepers, etc.)

Sec. 4. No person or persons shall, directly or indirectly, assist or be a party to the removal from any vessel in the harbor to the shore, or transfer from one vessel to another vessel lying in this port, any person or persons afflicted with the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis.

(Captains or Officers of Vessels arriving who have Knowingly Permitted the Embarkation of Lepers on their Vessels, Guilty of Misdemeanor.)

Sec. 5. Any captain or other officer in command of any vessel arriving at the Port of San Francisco, who shall have knowingly received on board said vessel at the port of embarkation, for transportation to this city and county, any person afflicted with the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished as hereinafter provided.

(All Persons Prohibited from Harboring Lepers.)

Sec. 6. No person shall keep, aid, or assist in keeping in any house, tenement, or in any place in this city and county (except in the lazaretto or lepers' quarters designated by this Board), any

person afflicted with or having the diseases known as leprosy or elephantiasis.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 7. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. As amended by Order No. 248 (second series).

(Approved December 8, 1899.)

ORDINANCE NO. 54.

(New Series.)

(Approved September 22, 1906).

Authorizing and Empowering the Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco to Remove Persons Afflicted with Certain Contagious or Infectious Diseases.

Whereas, The removal and isolation of persons afflicted with smallpox, cholera, yellow fever, bubonic plague or typhus fever are absolutely necessary for the public health and public safety and for the prevention of the spread of said diseases.

Now, therefore, be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. The Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco is hereby authorized and

empowered to remove or cause to be removed any person or persons afflicted with smallpox, cholera, yellow fever, bubonic plague or typhus fever residing in or being found in houses, places or districts within the City and County of San Francisco, to such hospital within the City and County of San Francisco as said Board of Health may designate; provided that no action looking towards the removal of any person afflicted with any of the above enumerated diseases shall be taken by said Board of Health, unless the same is recommended by the President of said Board of Health, after due and satisfactory investigation made personally by him.

Sec. 2. All Orders and Ordinances or parts of Orders and Ordinances, in so far as they conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE No. 823.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

Regulating the Establishment and Maintenance of Hospitals.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation or association to erect, establish or maintain any hospital without permission from the Board of Supervisors.

Sec. 2. Any person, corporation or association who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE No. 1045.

(Approved November 5, 1903.)

Regulating the Establishment, Maintenance and Inspection of Maternity Hospitals and Lying-In Asylums.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Any person who, without having first obtained a written permit so to do from the Board of Health, establishes, maintains, conducts or manages any maternity hospital or lying-in asylum where females may be received, cared for or treated during pregnancy or during or after delivery, or neglects, refuses or omits to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance, or who violates the provisions of such permit, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. The Board of Health shall have power to issue permits for such places, and every such

permit shall specify the name and residence of the person so undertaking to care for such females and the location of the place where the same are kept and the number of females thereby allowed to be received or kept therein, and shall be revocable for cause by the said Board of Health in any case where the provisions of this Ordinance are violated, or in any case where, in the opinion of the Board of Health, such hospital, asylum or institution or other place is being managed, conducted or maintained without regard for the health, comfort and morality of the inmates thereof, or without due regard to proper sanitation or hygiene.

Sec. 3. Every person holding such permit must keep a register wherein he shall enter the names and addresses of all such females and of all children born on the premises, and also the name and age of every child who is given out, adopted or taken away to or by any person, together with the name and residence of the person so adopting or taking away such child; and, within forty-eight hours after such child is given out or taken away shall cause a correct copy of the register relating to such child to be sent to the Board of Health.

Sec. 4. It shall be lawful for the officers and representatives of the Board of Health and for all health officers, at all reasonable times, to enter and inspect the premises wherein such females are so boarded, received and kept, and to call for and inspect the permit and register, and also to see and visit such females.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a

misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed two hundred and fifty (\$250) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than three (3) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE No. 1046.

(Approved November 5, 1903.)

Regulating the Establishment, Maintenance and Inspection of Homes for Children.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Any person who, without having first obtained a written permit so to do from the Board of Health, establishes, maintains, conducts or manages any institution, boarding house, home or other place for the reception or care of children, or who keeps at any such place any child under the age of 12 years, not his relative, apprentice or ward, without legal commitment, or neglects, refuses or omits to comply with the provisions of this Ordinance, or who violates the provisions of such permit, is guilty of a misdemeanor.

Sec. 2. The Board of Health shall have power to issue permits for such places, and every such permit shall specify the name and residence of the person so undertaking the care of such children and the location of the place where the same are

kept and the number of children thereby allowed to be received, boarded or kept therein, and shall be revocable for cause by the said Board of Health in any case where the provisions of this Ordinance are violated, or in any case where, in the opinion of the Board of Health, such institution, home, boarding house or other place is being managed, conducted or maintained without regard for the health, comfort or morality of the inmates thereof, or without due regard to proper sanitation or hygiene.

Sec. 3. Every person holding such permit must keep a register, wherein he shall enter the names and ages of all such children and the names and residence of their parents, so far as known; the time of the reception and discharge of such children and the reasons therefor, and, also the name and age of every child who is given out, adopted, taken away or indentured from such place to or by any person, together with the name and residence of the person so adopting, taking away or indenturing such child, and within forty-eight hours after such child is so given out, taken away or indentured shall cause a correct copy of the register to be sent to the Board of Health.

Sec. 4. It shall be lawful for the officers and representatives of the Board of Health, and for all health officers at all reasonable times to enter and inspect the premises wherein such children are so boarded, received and kept, and to call for and inspect the permit and register, and also to see and visit such children.

Sec. 5. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof,

shall be punished by a fine not to exceed two hundred and fifty-(\$250) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than three (3) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE No. 824.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

Regulating the Establishment and Maintenance of Medical Colleges.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, corporation or association to erect, establish or maintain any medical college or building or place for the dissection of human bodies without permission from the Board of Supervisors.

Sec. 2. Any person, corporation or association who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDER No. 2,944.

(Approved January 16, 1896.)

An Order to Provide for the Inspection of Milk and Dairies and Dairy Cows, and to Regulate the Sale of Milk in the City and County of San Francisco, and to Prohibit and Punish the Disposition of Unwholesome, Impure or Adulterated Milk.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Board of Health Authorized to Provide for the Inspection of Milk Dairies and Dairy Cows, etc.)

Section 1. The Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to regulate and control the traffic in milk in said city and county, to provide for the inspection of milk in said City and County of San Francisco, and for the inspection of dairies and dairy cows producing milk for sale or consumption within said city and county.

(Permit Required by Vendors of Milk.)

Sec. 2. No milk producer or milk vendor shall, after this Order becomes operative, either himself or through his agents, servants or employes, offer or expose for sale, or sell or deliver for sale, use or consumption within the City and County of San Francisco, any milk without first having obtained from the Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco a permit so to do, as hereinafter provided.

(Application for Permits to be Made to Board of Health on Blanks provided by said Board.)

Sec. 3. To procure such a permit, the applicant shall present to said Board of Health a written application, and shall state therein the name, and business and residence address of the applicant or applicants, the source or sources from which said applicant or applicants obtain or will obtain supplies of milk, the number of cows in the possession of such applicant, the average quantity of milk procured and the average quantity disposed of by said applicant, and the manner and character of such disposition, such application to be made to the said Board of Health upon printed blanks to be provided by the Board of Health for such purpose. Such application shall further state the specific brand or business name, if any, under which said milk is to be sold, exchanged or distributed.

(If Board of Health are Satisfied with the Statement of the Applicant, it shall be their Duty to Issue, without Cost, the Permit Applied for—All Statements of Applicants to be Registered.)

Sec. 4. If the Board of Health, upon such application, shall determine that the statements therein made are true and that the applicant does not purpose selling or offering or exposing for sale or delivering or distributing any unwholesome milk as food for any human being, it shall be the duty of the Board of Health to issue, without cost to said applicant, a permit to bring into, sell, expose, or offer for sale, exchange deliver or distribute milk within the City and County of San Francisco, and all such written statements required as aforesaid

shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health, and kept for that purpose.

(Separate Permits to be Issued for each Place of General Sale or Storage—Permits not Transferable—Permits may be Revoked—Proviso.)

Sec. 5. One such permit shall be required for each place of general sale or storage of milk. Such permits shall be issued only in the name of the owners of the supply of milk thus on storage or for sale, and shall for the purpose of this Order be conclusive evidence of such ownership. No such permits shall be sold or assigned or transferred. Such permits shall be subject at all times to revocation by said Board of Health in its discretion upon sufficient cause therefor shown; provided, however, that no such permit shall be revoked until after a hearing given by said Board of Health in the matter of the revocation of such permit after five (5) days' notice in writing has been served on the owner of such permit in the manner prescribed for the service of notice by Section 1011 of the Code of Civil Procedure of the State of California, which notice shall state the ground of complaint against such owner, and the time and place where such hearing shall take place; and provided, further, that no permit shall be revoked by said Board of Health for the first offense, without the unanimous consent of all the members of said Board.

(Holders of Permits to Make Yearly Statements to Board of Health.)

At least once in each year every person or persons, firm or corporation holding such a permit

shall register with the said Board of Health his or their name and permit number, and shall make a written statement to said Board of Health, containing all the information required to be given by applicants for permits in their written application for permits as hereinbefore provided, and all applications for permits, and all such written statements required as aforesaid, shall be registered in a register to be provided by the said Board of Health and kept for that purpose.

(Vendors of Milk, whether by Wagon or Otherwise, must Conspicuously Display the Number of their Permit.)

Sec. 6. No person or persons, firm or corporation shall sell or expose for sale or exchange or deliver or distribute within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, milk from any wagon or vehicle, unless such wagon or vehicle shall have exposed on both sides thereof the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation selling or offering or exposing for sale or distributing, or delivering or exchanging such milk. Such permit number shall be painted on said wagon or vehicle in numbers not less than three inches in height, in what is known as Arabic Numerals, and shall be placed on said wagon or vehicle under the direction and according to the requirements of the said Board of Health, and in case milk is sold from cans or vessels (carried by human beings or on horseback), then the permit number of the person or persons, firm or corporation so selling or offering for sale, delivery or distribution or exchange, such milk, shall be placed in a conspicuous place on such can or vessel immediately below the opening thereof, so as to be plainly apparent on superficial in-

spection; or if such milk is sold or exposed or offered for sale, delivery, distribution or exchange within a store or house, or on the sidewalk of any street in this city and county, then such permit number shall also be constantly exposed in some conspicuous manner at the place wherever such milk is sold or kept, so as to be plainly apparent.

(No Person must Sell or Offer for Sale any Impure, Adulterated or Unwholesome Milk.)

Sec. 7. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, by themselves or by their agents, servants or employees in the City and County of San Francisco, State of California, to render or manufacture, sell, offer for sale, exchange, deliver, distribute or have in his or its possession, with intent to sell, expose or offer for sale or exchange, or distribute for human consumption, any impure, adulterated, unhealthy or unwholesome milk.

(Definition of Terms Adulterated, Impure, Unhealthy and Unwholesome.)

Sec. 8. See under Ordinance No. 1208 (page 43).

(Carrying Upon any Milk Wagon, Swill, Refuse, Garbage, etc., Forbidden.)

Sec. 9. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation to have or carry on any wagon or vehicle upon or from which milk or cream is being or is brought, carried, stored, deposited, sold, exchanged, delivered or distributed or offered or exposed for sale or distribution as food for any human being, any swill, garbage,

refuse or any decaying or fermenting, putrefying, foul, unwholesome, noxious or filthy matter, or any cans or receptacles containing any material or substance with which cream or milk might be diluted, adulterated or rendered impure, unwholesome or unhealthy.

(Officers, Agents and Employes of Board of Health
—Powers of with regard to Inspection of
Premises of any Vendor or Producer of Milk.)

Sec. 10. In order to carry out the purposes and provisions of this Order, the said Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any and all times to enter upon or into the premises of any producer or vendor or distributor of milk authorized under the provisions of this Order, and any refusal upon the part of such producer, vendor or distributor to allow such entry and such inspection as may be required and directed by the said Board of Health, may be punished by the revocation of the permit of such producer, distributor or vendor by the said Board of Health.

(Inspection of Dairies the Duty of Board of
Health.)

Sec. 11. It shall be the duty of the said Board of Health to cause the dairies and other establishments from which milk brought into the City and County of San Francisco is obtained, to be inspected from time to time to satisfy such Board that the provisions and requirements of this Order are constantly complied with

(Rights and Duties of Board of Health and their Employees to Enter all Premises for the Purpose of Inspecting Milk.)

Sec. 12. The said Board and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right and it shall be their duty to enter and have full access, egress and ingress to all places where milk is stored or kept for sale, and to all wagons, carriages or other vehicles, railroad cars, steamboats, or conveyances of every kind used for the conveyance or transportation or delivery of milk, for the purpose of consumption in the City and County of San Francisco.

(Board of Health and Employees may take Samples of Milk—Mode of Disposition of the Same.)

Sec. 13. The Board of Health and all its officers, agents and employes shall have the right at any time to take samples of milk from any person, persons or concern selling or exposing for sale or exchanging or delivering or distributing milk in the City and County of San Francisco, not exceeding, however, one quart thereof, such sample to be taken and sealed in full view and in the presence of the person from whom said sample is taken, and shall then and there furnish to the person from whom such milk is taken, one-half of such sample hermetically sealed and shall deliver to the said Board of Health immediately the sample so taken hermetically sealed. Such sample shall have written thereon, at the time of the delivery thereof to said Board of Health, the number of the dealer's permit, and the date of the obtainment of the sample, and the name of the person by whom it

was taken, and a memorandum thereof shall be made by the person obtaining such sample in a book kept for that purpose in the office of the Board of Health, showing the name of the owner or driver from whom, and the date when the same was taken, and the number of the dealer's permit.

(Owners of Dairies to Report to Board of Health any Knowledge They may have as to Impurity of Milk.)

Sec. 14. It shall be the duty of the owner, agent or manager of any dairy in the City and County of San Francisco, or of any dairy from which milk is brought into this city and county, to forthwith report to the Board of Health of said city and county in writing, anything of which he has knowledge or notice tending to render milk obtained from such dairy unwholesome, impure or unhealthy.

(Interference with Officers of Board of Health in the Performance of their Duty Prohibited.)

Sec. 15. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, firm or corporation, to obstruct or interfere with the said Board of Health, or any officer, agent or employe of said Board, in the performance of any of the duties required by this Order.

(Condensed Milk, Buttermilk and Sour Milk May be Sold if Found to be Wholesome.)

Sec. 16. Nothing herein contained shall be construed to prevent or prohibit the use, sale or manufacture of what is known as condensed milk, or what is known as buttermilk, or what is known as sour milk, provided the same are made, compounded or prepared from pure, clean, fresh,

wholesome and unadulterated milk within the meaning of this Order, and are in sound and wholesome condition; and provided, also, that in the case of condensed milk, the proportion of milk solids shall be equivalent to twelve (12) per centum of milk solids in crude milk, and that of such solids twenty-six and one-half ($26\frac{1}{2}$) per centum shall be fat.

(Milk Coming from Outside the City and County to be Exposed for Inspection.)

Sec. 17. It shall be the duty of all owners or consignees of milk brought into the City and County of San Francisco, by any water craft, to have the same tendered and exposed for inspection by the said Board of Health, its officers, agents or employes according to the requirements of said Board of Health; provided, that said milk shall not be detained for inspection for a longer period than one hour. It shall be the duty of the owner or consignee of milk brought into the City and County of San Francisco by land over any road or railroad leading into the peninsula of San Francisco to cause the same to be tendered and exposed for inspection according to the requirements of said Board of Health, provided that said milk shall not be detained for inspection a longer period than one hour.

(Penalty for Violation of Provisions of this Order.)

Sec. 18. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars, and not more than five hundred

(\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not less than ten (10) days and not more than one hundred (100) days.

Sec. 19. This Order shall take effect thirty (30) days after its final passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1208.

An Ordinance Amending Section 8 of Order No. 2944, Entitled "An Order to provide for the Inspection of Milk and Dairy Cows, and to Regulate the Sale of Milk in the City and County of San Francisco, and to Prohibit and Punish the Disposition of Unwholesome, Impure or Adulterated Milk."

(Approved January 16, 1896.)

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco, as follows:

Section 1. Section 8 of Order No. 2944, entitled "An order to provide for the inspection of milk and dairies and dairy cows, and to regulate the sale of milk in the City and County of San Francisco, and to prohibit and punish the disposition of unwholesome, impure or adulterated milk" (approved January 16, 1896), is hereby amended to read as follows:

(Definition of Terms Adulterated, Impure, Unhealthy and Unwholesome.)

1st—Milk containing less than twelve (12) per centum of milk solids.

2d—Milk containing more than eighty-eight (88) per centum of water or fluids.

3d—Milk containing less than three and three-tenths (3.3) per centum of fats, from January 1st to April 30th, and three and four-tenths (3.4) per centum of fats, from May 1st to December 31st, of each year.

4th—Milk drawn from cows within fifteen days before or within five days after parturition.

5th—Milk drawn from cows fed on any unhealthy or unwholesome food.

6th—Milk drawn from cows kept in an unhealthy or unsanitary condition, or from cows affected, with any form of disease, or from cows which are supplied with water which is impure or unwholesome.

7th—Milk from which any part of the cream has been removed.

8th—Milk which has been diluted with water or with any other fluid or to which has been added or into which has been introduced any foreign substance whatever.

9th—Milk drawn from cows or by milkers that are themselves in a condition of filth or uncleanness.

10th—Any milk which is shown by analysis to

contain any substance or substances of any character whatsoever not natural or normal constituents of milk, or to have been deprived either wholly or in part of any constituent naturally or normally contained in milk.

Sec. 2. This Order shall take effect and be in force immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, May 16, 1904.

ORDINANCE NO. 229.

(Approved February 8, 1901.)

Establishing Regulations for the Construction and Maintenance of Dairies, and Punishing Violations of such Regulations.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. No person shall, in any dairy within said city and county, erect or cause or permit to be erected or converted by alteration, or maintain any building or structure which, or any part of which, shall be inadequate or defective in respect to strength, ventilation, light, sewerage, or any other usual, proper or necessary provision or precaution for the security of health or life.

Sec. 2. No builder, owner, lessee, tenant, occupant or proprietor or manager of any dairy within said city and county shall either cause or permit any matter or thing to be, or to be done, in or

about such dairy, or any building or structure therein contained, which shall be dangerous or prejudicial to life or health.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee, tenant, occupant, proprietor or manager of any dairy within said city and county to lease or let or hire out any building or structure therein contained, or any part or portion thereof, to be occupied by any person, or to allow or permit the same to be occupied as a place in which or for any one to dwell, or lodge, or sleep, unless such building or structure, or such parts thereof, shall be sufficiently lighted, ventilated, provided and accommodated, and shall be in all respects in that condition of cleanliness and wholesomeness for which this Ordinance provides; but in no case whatever shall it be lawful for any owner, lessee, tenant, occupant, proprietor or manager of any such dairy either to cause or to permit any person whatever to dwell, or lodge, or sleep within any building or structure whatever, or any part thereof which is occupied by cattle of any kind, or used as a place of shelter for cattle of any kind.

Sec. 4. The living quarters of the employees of all such dairies shall be contained within buildings or structures which shall be wholly separate, distinct and disconnected from the buildings or structures wherein the cattle of such dairies may be housed; the beds in all such living quarters, and in every room in which beds are kept or provided for such employees, shall be separated by a passage way of not less than two feet horizontally; and all such beds shall be so arranged that under each of them the air shall freely circulate, and there be adequate ventilation; and five hundred cubic feet

of air space shall be provided and allowed for each bed or employe, and no more beds shall be permitted than those provided for according to the terms of this Ordinance, unless free and adequate means of ventilation exist, to be approved by the Board of Health, and a special permit in writing be granted therefor, specifying the number of beds or the cubic air space which shall under special circumstances be allowed.

Sec. 5. Every owner, lessee, tenant, occupant, proprietor or manager of any such dairy shall cause every part thereof and its appurtenances to be put and shall thereafter cause the same to be kept in a cleanly and wholesome condition, and shall cause every part thereof in which any person may sleep, dwell or work to be adequately lighted and ventilated according to the direction and to the satisfaction of the Board of Health; and proper accommodations for urinals, water closets, bath tubs and washing utensils shall be provided, according to the directions and to the satisfaction of the Board of Health; but in no case shall any open urinal, or water closet, or manure pit, or dung pit, or privy well, be allowed or permitted within any building or structure, or any part thereof, in which cattle are milked.

Sec. 6. It is hereby made the duty of every owner, lessee, tenant, occupant, proprietor or manager of any dairy within said City and County to thoroughly and effectually cleanse at least once in every twenty-four hours the walls, floors and yards of every building or structure, or part thereof, which may be in use for the accommodation or shelter of cattle, and also to remove the contents of any manure pit on the premises once in each week.

Sec. 7. No milk shall be taken from any cow, goat or other milk-producing animal unless such animal shall be in a clean condition; nor shall any such milk be taken from any such animal except by an employe or other person who is himself in a cleanly, wholesome and healthy condition.

Sec. 8. No owner, lessee, tenant, occupant, proprietor or manager of any such dairy shall feed to his cows or other cattle, or have in his possession with intent to feed to such cattle, any garbage, refuse, swill or other improper food, or shall sell or offer for sale within said City and County the milk from such cattle; nor shall any person within said City and County receive or sell, or offer for sale, or keep for sale, or have in possession, any such milk; nor shall the milk of any cattle which may be kept in any place where the water, ventilation, food and surroundings are not wholesome, or are not conducive to the health, safe condition and wholesomeness of such cattle, or of their milk, be sold, offered for sale, kept for sale, had in possession or brought within said City and County .

Sec. 9. No person shall bring within said City and County, or at any place therein, sell, or deliver, or offer, or have for sale, or retain in possession, any unwholesome, watered or otherwise adulterated milk, butter or cheese, or milk known as "swill milk," or milk from cows or other animals that for the most part have been kept in stables or that have been fed in whole or in part on swill, or milk from sick or diseased cows or other cattle, or any butter or cheese made from any such milk, or any milk, butter or cheese produced by or from any such cattle which may have been exposed to

emanation from or infections by any communicable disease.

Pure skimmed milk shall be permitted for sale or delivery, provided that the cans or vessels containing such skimmed milk shall be distinctly labeled "skimmed milk;" and further provided that such "skimmed milk" shall not be carried in wagons or vehicles in which "whole milk" is carried, sold or delivered, or pretended to be carried or sold. (As amended by Ordinance No. 340, approved August 8, 1901.)

Sec. 10. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 11. This Ordinance shall take effect on and from its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1273.

An Ordinance Regulating Dairies, Milk Depots and the Delivery of Milk.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Sheds and barns in which cows are milked shall be so constructed and of such size as to ensure efficient ventilation.

Sec. 2. The walls of milking sheds and milking barns shall be provided with an average door and window space of not less than ten (10) square feet in every ten (10) linear feet. Sheds and barns must be properly and adequately ventilated.

Sec. 3. The floor section of sheds and barns where cows are stabled or milked shall be so constructed as to absolutely prevent all seepage to the ground beneath. In said floor there shall be provided a gutter drain, so constructed as to prevent seepage and connect with a common drain or sewer pipe communicating with a street sewer where one exists. Where there is no street sewer the discharge must be carried so far from the barn and so handled as to effectually prevent contamination of the milk or the atmosphere of the dairy or barn therefrom. Cows must not be permitted to stand in, or on, or to have access to, accumulations of manure and urine, or either.

Sec. 4. The floor space between the stable sections shall be so constructed that unnecessary recesses and angles are avoided. Food boxes shall be so constructed that they can be thoroughly cleaned and all the recesses between the troughs wherein dirt or refuse may lodge be so constructed that they may be thoroughly cleaned. And they shall be properly cleaned at the time of the general cleaning of the barn.

Sec. 5. Where the floor of a stable, barn or shed in which cows are kept or milked is not more than one foot above the ground and said floor is to be reconstructed, it shall be made of artificial stone, bitumen, asphalt or cement; pro-

vided, that in case only two sides of such stable, shed or barn rest directly upon the ground, the floor may be of wood.

Sec. 6. Food troughs and food cars must be thoroughly cleaned at least once a day. The accumulation of waste in or about food troughs, runways and food boxes must be prevented. The walls of stables, milking barns, shall be white-washed or lime washed at least once every six (6) months.

Sec. 7. The houses or sheds in which milk is strained or stored shall be so constructed as to prevent any direct communication by means of doors, windows or other apertures with the said barns or stables in which cows are kept or milked; provided, that a pipe with a funnel receptacle for receiving the milk may be inserted through the wall connecting said barns or stables with the house or shed in which said milk is strained or cooled. Said pipe and funnel to be kept clean, and when not in actual use the funnel shall be securely covered.

Sec. 8. The floor of the dairy house, shed or barn in which milk is strained or stored shall be water tight; where such floor is to be renewed or reconstructed it shall be made of cement, artificial stone, asphalt or bitumen. Such flooring must have a surface drain connected with a sewer, or with a common drain in case there is no sewer outlet.

Sec. 9. The walls of dairy houses, depots, sheds and barns where milk is strained or stored shall be so constructed as to be tight and allow of easy and thorough cleaning.

Sec. 10. All windows, doors and ventilators of dairy houses or sheds in which milk is strained or stored shall be provided with a screen of wire mesh. The screen of the windows and ventilators must be securely and permanently fastened.

Sec. 11. Immediately after the main receptacle bucket has been filled with milk it shall be taken covered to the milk house and emptied into the strainer from a platform outside the milk house. The receptacle buckets shall be hung upon hooks or rest on a platform at least three (3) feet above the floor, and must be so covered as to be protected at all times from exposure to dirt or discharges and must not be allowed to rest upon the floor of the milk shed.

Sec. 12. Milkers and other helpers not directly concerned in the straining, separating and filling of containers, shall not be allowed within the milkhouse while milk is being strained or handled; nor shall any domestic animal be allowed therein.

Sec. 13. Vats or troughs used to cool milk, if of wood, shall be painted white and shall be of such depth that the water contained therein shall not rise above the shoulder of the milk can. They shall be thoroughly cleaned at least once each day and at all times shall be free from scum, slime, stagnant or impure water.

Sec. 14. The milkhouse shall be washed and hosed down daily with fresh water; and at least once each week the floors and drains within all milkhouses and sheds shall be sprinkled with lime or gypsum.

Sec. 15. Persons handling milk within the milk-houses shall be personally clean.

Sec. 16. Milk awaiting delivery shall not be kept in a room used for domestic purposes.

Sec. 17. No milk container or milk vessel that is rusty or rust-eaten or otherwise unfit shall be used.

Sec. 18. No person shall drink from any vessel or utensil, or the cover thereof, which is used for the delivery of milk; nor shall any can, bottle or utensil used for the purpose of delivering milk be used for any other purpose; nor shall such can or utensil be placed in, on or about a stove or other heating apparatus.

Section 19. In houses where contagious disease is known to exist, no bottles, cans or other utensils in which milk is delivered shall be collected until the houses have been fumigated, and said bottles, cans and other utensils sterilized.

Sec. 20. No person suffering from any contagious disease, or in whose place of dwelling any contagious disease is known to exist, shall be allowed upon the premises of any dairy, or to deliver milk from any dairy or milk depot.

Sec. 21. Where contagious disease occurs in any dairy, the person or persons suffering therefrom shall be strictly isolated and kept in quarantine, and any person who may be in contact shall not be permitted to work in the dairy until such time as may be designated by the Board of Health.

Sec. 22. All persons acting as milkers shall be

personally clean and free from contagious diseases.

Sec. 23. No cow shall be milked unless the sides, bellies, haunches, udders, teats and tail of the cow shall be clean.

Sec. 24. Before handling or milking the cows, milkers shall thoroughly wash and scrub their hands and otherwise be thoroughly clean.

Sec. 25. Milkers shall reject the first three (3) sprays of fore-milk from each teat before milking into the bucket.

Sec. 26. Colostrum milk shall be rejected, and also milk into which manure or discharges have entered while milking, or which is bloody, stringy, thick or unnatural in appearance. Milking pails shall be thoroughly cleaned before being used.

Sec. 27. All milking stools must be kept clean.

Sec. 28. No sick cow or cows showing signs of tuberculosis, contagious abortion, mammites, mammary abscess, disease of the udder or teat, or actinomycosis (lumpjaw) shall be allowed in the herd from which milk is drawn, and the milk of cows within thirty days of calving or five days after calving shall not be mixed with that of the herd or marketed.

Sec. 29. Cows showing signs of ill health or disease, or that are off feed, shall be isolated and quarantined as provided in Ordinance 198, approved December 12, 1900.

Sec. 30. In dairies and milk depots, all cans, bottles and other utensils, after being used, shall be

thoroughly washed in a water containing lye or sodium carbonate (sal soda), or some substance containing a mixture of these with or without soap.

Sec. 31. Not more than twenty (20) cans or fifty (50) bottles shall be washed in a tank or tub containing less than ten (10) gallons of water, unless said tank or tub is filled with a fresh solution as provided in Section 30 of this Ordinance.

Sec. 32. All cans, bottles and other utensils shall be thoroughly rinsed, after being washed, as provided in Section 30 of this Ordinance, in a tank or tub of clean, fresh water. The rinsing tank or tub, while in use, must have a constant inflow and outflow of pure, clean, fresh water. After being rinsed, all cans, bottles and other milking utensils shall be subjected to the action of boiling water in a closed vat or to the action of steam. After being so subjected to boiling water or steam, said cans, bottles or other milk utensils shall not be allowed to stand in any place where they are exposed to dirt, dust, flies or other contamination; but shall be placed upon racks without pegs, said racks being at least three (3) feet from the floor, and wash tanks and rinsing tanks used for the cleaning of cans, bottles and other milking utensils shall not be used for any other purpose.

Section 33. The doors of wash houses of dairies and milk depots shall be water tight, and where such floor is to be renewed or reconstructed it shall be made of cement, artificial stone, asphaltum or bitumen, and shall have a surface drain connected with a sewer, or where there is no sewer, connected with the common drain.

Sec. 34. Wash tanks and tubs for cleaning and rinsing milking utensils, if of wood, must be metal lined. Wash tanks and tubs and the floors of the wash room must be cleaned daily.

Sec. 35. All brushes, scrapers and other appliances used in cleaning cans, bottles and other utensils must be sterilized daily, and at all times must be free from incrustations and accumulated dirt.

Sec. 36. Every dairy shall be supplied with pure water, the source whereof shall not be contaminated by any barnyard, privy, sewer or other possible source of contamination. Cows shall not be allowed to drink from stagnant pools and shall have full access at all times to a supply of pure water,

Sec. 37. Milk cans containing milk or empty, delivered to or received from grocery stores, bakeries, delicatessen stores, restaurants, depots or other similar places shall not be left upon the sidewalk or street.

Sec. 38. In the transportation of milk, no milk shall be transferred on the public streets from one can to another, except from a wagon can to a delivery or serving can, nor shall milk cans be allowed to stand on the street.

Sec. 39. The portion of wagons in which milk cans are carried shall have a canvas covering.

Sec. 40. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars or by impris-

onment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 41. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force thirty (30) days after its passage.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, August 8, 1904.

ORDER No. 1,880.

(Approved October 22, 1886.)

Requiring Veterinary Surgeons and Others to Report Cases of Glanders or Farcy or Other Contagious Diseases of Horses, in Their Care, to the Board of Health.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Cases of Glanders to be Reported to the Board of Health.)

Section 1. Every veterinary physician or surgeon, and every person practicing as such, and every person owning or having animals in his care within the City and County of San Francisco, shall present to the Board of Health of said city and county a written notice of the existence of any and every case of glanders or farcy, or other contagious or infectious disease in animals, which may have come under his observation or to his knowledge, which notice shall be given within two days thereafter, and shall contain the name and

residence of the possessor of the animal so diseased so far as the same can be ascertained, a description of the animal, and where last seen by the person giving the notice, and be signed by him.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction, shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty dollars nor more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not less than twenty days nor more than six months.

ORDINANCE No. 198.

(Approved December 12, 1900.)

Regulating Animals Sick With Contagious Diseases and Providing for the Disposition Thereof.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:-

Section 1. No animal affected with any infectious or contagious disease shall be brought or kept within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, except by permission of the Board of Health of said City and County.

Sec. 2. It is hereby made the duty of all persons having any knowledge thereof to report promptly to said Board of Health all cases of animals affected with any infectious or contagious disease, and all

cases which may be regarded as suspicious, or which exhibit symptoms of any contagious or infectious disease.

Sec. 3. The Board of Health shall, upon locating any animal sick as aforesaid, at once order a quarantine against the premises in which such animal is kept, said quarantine to operate only against the exposure of animals to contagion or infection, and shall not be a bar to any person from entering or leaving said premises, unless the disease with which the animal is affected is dangerous to mankind.

Sec. 4. The owner or custodian of any sick animal as aforesaid must, upon demand by the Board of Health, show to the satisfaction of said Board that he or she is competent to properly care for said animal, or that the animal is under the care of a veterinary surgeon.

Sec. 5. If any developed case of sickness shall be pronounced incurable by the said Board or by its designated veterinary surgeon, said Board is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to kill the animal so infected with incurable sickness, and to make such disposition of the carcass thereof as it may deem best; provided, however, that if the owner or manager of said animal at the time of such decree has employed a recognized veterinary surgeon to treat the animal and said veterinary does not agree with the Board of Health as to the impossibility of effecting a cure, then and in that event the owner or manager of such animal shall be given the benefit of the doubt, and a reasonable time, not to exceed thirty (30) days, shall be pronounced incurable by the said Board or by demonstrate to the Board of Health that the ani-

mal can be cured; and, provided further, that no carcass of any animal dead of an infectious or contagious disease, or killed on account thereof, shall be buried within five hundred (500) feet of any residence.

Sec. 6. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 7. This Ordinance shall take effect on and from its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1231.

Regulating the Slaughter and Sale of Calves for Human Food.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. No person shall slaughter, expose for sale, or sell in, or bring within the City for sale for human food, any calf unless it is in good, healthy condition, and four weeks of age.

Sec. 2. Any article or animal that shall be offered, or exhibited for sale in any market or elsewhere, as though it was intended for sale, shall be deemed offered or exposed for sale, within the intent and meaning of this Ordinance.

Sec. 3. (Penalty.) Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, June 13, 1904.

ORDINANCE NO. 1409.

Regulating the Keeping of Cattle.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep or cause to be kept more than two cows within that portion of the City and County bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at a point where Lyon street meets the waters of the bay; thence southerly along Lyon street to the southerly boundary line of the Presidio reservation; thence westerly along said boundary line to Sixteenth avenue; thence southerly on Sixteenth avenue to Fulton street (formerly D and Fulton street); thence easterly on Fulton street to Stanyan street; thence southerly on Stanyan street to Frederick street; thence westerly on Frederick

street to First avenue; thence southerly on First avenue to Parnassus avenue; thence in an easterly direction on Parnassus avenue to Stanyan street; thence along Stanyan street southerly to Thirtieth street; thence easterly along Thirtieth street to Castro street; thence southerly along Castro street to a point where, if extended southerly, it would intersect the corner of Mission street and Silver avenue; thence southwesterly along Mission street to Tingley street; thence along Tingley street to Alemany avenue; thence along Alemany avenue to Eauer street; thence along Bauer street to Mission street; thence southwesterly along Mission street to France avenue; thence along France avenue to Paris street; thence northeasterly along Paris street to Russia avenue; thence southeasterly along Russia avenue to Munich street; thence northeasterly along Munich street to Felton street; thence easterly along Felton street to Madison street; thence northwesterly along Madison street to Silver avenue; thence along Silver avenue in a westerly direction to Mission street to Canal street; thence along Canal street to the southerly boundary of St. Mary's College Tract; thence easterly and northerly along the southerly and easterly boundaries of said tract to Crescent avenue; thence along Crescent avenue to Andover avenue; thence northerly along Andover avenue to Courtland avenue; thence along Courtland avenue in an easterly direction to San Bruno avenue; thence following the line of San Bruno avenue to Islais Creek and the waters of the bay from Islais Creek to Lyon street.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction

thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. Order No. 1199, entitled "Regulating the Keeping of Swine and Cattle." (Approved May 26, 1904), and all ordinances in so far as they conflict with this Ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after March 1, 1905.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, February 6, 1905.

ORDINANCE NO. 1410.

Regulating the Keeping of Swine.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep or cause to be kept, any swine within the boundaries of the City and County of San Francisco, excepting as hereinafter provided in Sec. 2 of this Ordinance.

Sec. 2. For the sole purpose of loading, unloading and the slaughtering of swine, the provisions of this Ordinance shall not apply to that part of the City and County bounded and described as follows:

Commencing at the intersection of the southerly line of Islais street with the southwesterly line of

First avenue south, and running thence southeasterly along the southwesterly line of First avenue south to the northeasterly line of I street south; thence southwesterly along the northeasterly line of I street south to the southwesterly line of Seventh avenue south; thence northwesterly along the southwesterly line of Seventh avenue south to the southeasterly line of Railroad avenue; thence southwesterly along the southeasterly line of Railroad avenue to the northeasterly line of Tenth avenue south; thence northwesterly along the northeasterly line of Tenth avenue south to the northwesterly line of S street south; thence northeasterly along the northwesterly line of S street south to the southerly line of Islais street; thence easterly along the southerly line of Islais street to the point of commencement.

Sec. 3. (Penalty.) Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Order, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (500) dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail not to exceed six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. Order No. 1199, entitled "Regulating the Keeping of Swine and Cattle (Approved May 26, 1904), and all ordinances, in so far as they conflict with this Ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after July 1, 1905.

In Board of Supervisors, February 6, 1905.

ORDINANCE NO. 821.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

Regulating the Maintenance of Slaughter Houses and the Slaughtering of Cattle.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to establish or maintain any slaughter house or to slaughter cattle, hogs, calves, sheep or other animals within the City and County, except within that tract of land bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the point of intersection of the easterly line of Kentucky street with the southwesterly line of First avenue south, and running thence southeasterly along said southwesterly line of First avenue south to the northwesterly line of I street south; thence southwesterly along said northwesterly line of I street south to the southwesterly line of Seventh avenue south; thence northwesterly along the said southwesterly line of Seventh avenue south to the southeasterly line of Railroad avenue; thence northeasterly along said southeasterly line of Railroad avenue to the said easterly line of Kentucky street; thence northerly along said easterly line of Kentucky street to said southwesterly line of First avenue south and to the point of commencement.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprison-

ment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 822.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

Regulating Establishments for the Rendering or Reducing of Animal or Vegetable Substances.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to maintain or operate any establishment for the rendering or reducing of tallow or other animal or vegetable substance or to carry on or conduct the business of rendering or reducing same within the City and County, except within the certain tract of land bounded and described as follows: Commencing at the intersection of the easterly line of Kentucky street with the southwesterly line of First avenue south, and running thence southeasterly along said southwesterly line of First avenue south to the northwesterly line of I street ; thence southwesterly along said northwesterly line of I street south to the bay shore; thence westerly along the line of the bay shore to the southeasterly line of Railroad avenue; thence northeasterly along said southeasterly line of Railroad avenue to the easterly line of Kentucky street; thence northerly along said easterly

line of Kentucky street to said southwesterly line of First avenue south to the point of commencement.

Sec. 2. The rendering, reducing, heating or steaming of any animal or vegetable substance generating noisome or unwholesome odors or gaseous vapors must be conducted in steam-tight kettles, tanks or boilers and in such manner as shall entirely condense, decompose, deodorize or destroy the odors, vapors or gaseous products.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 775.

(Approved May 28, 1903.)

Imposing a License on Scavenger Wagons.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Every person, firm or corporation owning any carts or vehicles used for the purpose of removing or collecting any garbage, house

refuse, butchers' offal, putrid animal or vegetable matter, ashes or refuse of any character shall pay a license as follows:

For each cart or vehicle drawn by one horse, one and 50-100 (\$1.50) dollars per annum.

For each cart or vehicle drawn by more than one horse, two and 50-100 (\$2.50) dollars per annum.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for the owner of any cart or vehicle to use or allow the same to be used for the uses and purposes herein above specified, without first obtaining a permit so to do from the Board of Health, and the Tax Collector shall issue a license under the provisions of this Ordinance, only upon the presentation of a permit from the Board of Health.

Sec. 3. The owner of each cart or vehicle used or intended to be used for the purposes hereinabove specified shall within a period of thirty (30) days from and after the passage of this Ordinance obtain a permit as required from the Board of Health, and shall, within such period, have the words "Scavenger Wagon" painted on both sides of such vehicle in letters not less than four inches in height.

Sec. 4. When any person, having a license under the provisions of this Ordinance, shall be convicted of any violation of any sanitary law or Ordinance relative to the collection, removal or disposition of the materials or substances hereinabove enumerated, the permit and license so issued shall be revoked; and all licenses issued under this Ordinance shall so state.

Sec. 5. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 65.

(Approved May '9, 1900.)

Regulating the Character of Vehicles to Be Used for the Transportation of Garbage, Ashes or Refuse of any Description, and Swill.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. That all vehicles used for the transportation of garbage, ashes or refuse of any description shall be lined with zinc, sheet iron or other matallic substance, and shall be water tight, so that no leakage can escape from such vehicles. Such vehicles shall also be provided with water tight oiled canvas covers, which covers shall at all times when said vehicles are passing along or standing upon any street or alley of this city (except when garbage is actually being placed in said vehicle) be kept on such vehicles in such a manner that the covers shall extend well down the sides and ends of the vehicles, and be securely fastened at the corners, sides and ends of the ve-

hicles; and said vehicles shall in said manner be kept covered, whether loaded or empty.

Sec. 2. That vehicles used for the transportation of swill shall be lined with zinc, sheet iron or other metallic substance, and be water tight, so that no leakage can escape from such vehicles, and such vehicles shall be provided with a hinged cover, which can be tightly closed. All vehicles for the transportation of swill or garbage of any character shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Health before licenses for their operation are issued.

Sec. 3. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect on and from its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1029.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Regulating the Use of Manure Wagons.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to transport or carry manure or stable refuse in any vehicle without a permit from the Board of Health certifying its approval

of the construction of such vehicle, and specifying the manner in which such vehicle may be used.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person to load manure or stable refuse upon any vehicle elsewhere than within the premises from which the same is to be removed, or to transport manure or stable refuse through the public streets in such manner as to permit the same to fall upon any street; or to unload or deposit manure or stable refuse from any vehicle, anywhere within the City and County, without a permit from the Board of Health.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 50.

(Approved April 10, 1900.)

Ordinance Fixing the Hours of Removal of Garbage and Waste from Fish Markets.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. The garbage and waste from all wholesale fish markets, or places from which fish is

distributed to markets and stalls, must be removed daily between the hours of five (5) o'clock p. m. and eight (8) o'clock a. m.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty-five (\$25) dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding twenty-five days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. All Orders or parts of Orders in so far as they conflict with this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall go into force and effect from and after its passage.

ORDER NO. 12.

(Second Series.)

(Approved November 4, 1897.)

Prohibiting the Dumping of Dirt, Garbage, Butchers' Offal or Putrid Matter, Etc., Upon Any Lands in the City and County of San Francisco, or on the Water Front or From Any Wharf or Bulkhead in Said City and County, and Providing for the Cremation and Destruction of the Same, and the Duties of Officers in Relation Thereto.

Whereas, From time to time during the last twenty years, the dumping of garbage, dirt, offal, house refuse, stinking animal or vegetable matter,

ashes, cinders, sludge, acids or like matter, to fill in lots and property, and particularly in filling in water lots, became so objectionable and deleterious to the public health that various plans have been adopted to mitigate such nuisance; and

Whereas, While steps have heretofore been taken to abate such nuisance by covering the same over with sand, it has become apparent that the lots so filled in have thrown off noxious gases, deleterious to the public health, and in case of the prevalence of any epidemic disease would become a fruitful source of danger to the sanitary well-being of our citizens; and,

Whereas, The Board of Health from time to time has called attention to and condemned the disposition of such garbage and refuse matter in the filling of lots, and have repeatedly urged the cremation of such substances to protect the public health; and,

Whereas, In order to provide satisfactory means by which all such deleterious matter should be disposed of, an exclusive franchise was, by Order No. 2965 of this Board passed February 17, 1896, sold by the city and county authorizing the cremation and destruction of such substances; and,

Whereas, The Sanitary Reduction Works, the assignee and successor in interest of the grantee of such franchise, has notified this Board of the completion of their works and of their readiness to receive, cremate and destroy all of such substances in accordance with the terms and under the conditions of said franchise; now, therefore,

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. No person, company or corporation shall on or after the 8th day of November, 1897, deposit, dump or cause to be deposited or dumped upon any street, lot or lands within said city and county or in any water or waterways within said city and county, or from any wharf or bulkhead on the water front of said city and county, except as hereinafter provided, any house refuse, butchers' offal, garbage, refuse, dirt, ashes, cinders, sludge, broken glass, crockery, tins, bones, rubbish or other like matter, or any dead animals (not otherwise provided for by contract or franchise heretofore granted by the city and county), or putrid or stinking animal or vegetable matter or fish, flesh and food condemned by the Board of Health as unfit for human food.

All such refuse, butchers' offal, garbage, ashes, cinders, sludge, acids or other like substances or matter hereinbefore enumerated shall be delivered at and to the crematory of the Sanitary Reduction Works on the block bounded by Rhode Island, Alameda, De Haro and Fifteenth streets, in said city and county, and there at the expense of the person, company or corporation so conveying the same, be cremated and destroyed or subjected to such disposition and treatment as will secure and effect a complete combustion of all gases and odors arising therefrom, as provided in the franchise aforesaid.

(Penalty—Duty of Chief of Police.)

Sec. 2. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding two hundred and fifty (\$250) dollars, or by imprison-

ment for a term not exceeding one hundred days, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and it shall be the duty of the Chief of Police to take such steps and issue such orders to the members of the force under his control as shall insure the arrest and punishment of any and all persons violating the provisions of this Order.

(Board of Health to Aid in Enforcement of Order.)

Sec. 3. It shall be and is hereby made the duty of the Board of Health to aid by all means in its power the enforcement of the provisions of this Order.

Sec. 4. Order No. 2300 and all Orders or parts of Orders conflicting with the provisions of this Order are hereby repealed.

ORDINANCE NO. 21.

(New Series.)

(Approved June 12, 1906.)

Defining What is a Nuisance and Empowering the Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco to Abate and Summarily Destroy said Nuisance.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Any article of food or drink in the possession or under the control of any person, firm, association or corporation which is tainted,

decayed, spoiled or otherwise unwholesome or unfit to be eaten or drunk is hereby declared to be and is a public nuisance.

Sec. 2. The Board of Health of the City and County is hereby authorized and directed to abate said nuisance, and to seize, confiscate, condemn and destroy any article of food or drink in the possession or under the control of any person, firm, association or corporation which has become tainted, decayed, spoiled or otherwise unwholesome or unfit to be eaten or drunk.

Sec. 3. The term "food" as used herein includes all articles used for food or drink by man, whether simple, mixed or compound.

Sec. 4. All Orders and Ordinances, or parts of Orders and Ordinances, in so far as they conflict with the provisions of this Ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 5. This Ordinance shall take effect from and after its passage.

ORDER NO. 46.
(Second Series.)

(Approved January 21, 1898.)

**Regulating the Establishment and Maintenance of
Cigar Factories within the City and County of
San Francisco.**

(Preamble.)

Whereas, The indiscriminate establishment of cigar factories, where cigars are manufactured

and prepared for use, is injurious and dangerous to public health and public safety, and prejudicial to the well being and comfort of the community; now, therefore,

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. On and after the passage of this Order it shall be unlawful for any person or persons to establish, maintain or carry on the business of a cigar factory, where cigars or other articles of tobacco are made, within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, without first having complied with the conditions hereinafter specified.

(Persons Conducting Cigar Factories Must Obtain Certificates from Health Officer as to Sanitary Condition of Premises.)

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons to conduct or maintain a cigar factory within the City and County of San Francisco without having first obtained a certificate signed by the Health Officer of said city and county that the premises are properly and sufficiently ventilated, and that all proper arrangements for carrying on the business without injury to the sanitary condition of the neighborhood have been complied with and particularly that all provisions of all Orders of this Board have been complied with.

(Certificates of Health Officer—No Charge to be Made Therefor.)

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Health Officer, upon application from any person or persons proposing to open or conduct the business of a cigar

factory within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, to inspect the premises on which it is proposed to carry on such business, or in which said business is being carried on, with a view of ascertaining whether the said premises are provided with proper drainage and sanitary appliances; also, whether the provisions of all Orders of this Board relating thereto have been complied with, and, if found in all respects satisfactory, then to issue to said applicants the certificate provided for in Section 2 of this Order.

No charge whatsoever shall be made or compensation or fee collected or received, for the performance of any of the services required by the provisions of this Order in the inspection of premises or the issuance of a certificate; but all services shall be performed free of charge.

(No Person Suffering From Contagious or Infectious Diseases to be Permitted to Work, Sleep, Lodge or Remain in any Cigar Factory.)

Sec. 4. No person or persons engaged in the cigar business within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco shall permit any person suffering from any contagious or infectious disease to work, sleep, lodge or remain within or upon the premises used by him, her or them, for the purpose of a cigar factory.

(Prohibiting the Smoking of Opium in Places Wherein Cigars are Manufactured.)

Sec. 5. No person or persons engaged in the cigar business within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco shall permit the intro-

duction of or the smoking of opium within or upon the premises used by him, her or them. for the purpose of a cigar factory.

(Prohibiting Persons from Sleeping or Cooking in Rooms Wherein Cigars are Manufactured.)

Sec. 6. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons owning or employed in any cigar factory in the City and County of San Francisco to sleep or cook in the rooms wherein cigars are manufactured or prepared for use.

(Prohibiting the Placing of Cigars Between the Lips or in the Mouth for the Purpose of Biting or Moistening the Ends Thereof.)

Sec. 7. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons owning or employed in any cigar factory in the City and County of San Francisco to place between the lips or in the mouth the ends of cigars or other parts thereof for the purpose of moistening or biting same, or for the purpose of otherwise improving their appearance.

(Prohibiting the Spraying of Tobacco by Means of Water Emitted from the Mouth or by Means of Receptacles Whereby Water is Emitted by Means of Air Expelled from the Mouth.)

Sec. 8. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons owning or employed in any cigar factory in the City and County of San Francisco to spray tobacco or otherwise moisten it by means of water emitted from the mouth or by appliances whereby the water is expelled by means of the mouth.

(Prohibiting Expectoration Upon the Floors of Rooms Wherein Cigars are Manufactured or Prepared for Use.)

Sec. 9. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons owning or employed in any cigar factory in the City and County of San Francisco to expectorate upon the floors of such rooms wherein cigars are manufactured or prepared for use.

(Prohibiting the Drying of Tobacco Upon Floors and Providing for the Use of Racks.)

Sec. 10. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons owning or employed in the cigar manufacturing business within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco to dry tobacco, previously moistened, upon floors or upon stands possesssing a tendency to contaminate or injuriously affect the condition thereof, but upon clean cloths provided for the purpose and stretched over wooden frames, or upon such other contrivances previously approved by the Health Officer.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 11. Any person or persons establishing, maintaining or carrying on the business of a cigar manufactory wherein cigars are manufactured or prepared for use, within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, without having complied with the provisions of this Order, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment of not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(Certificates of Health Officer to be Exhibited in a Conspicuous Place.)

Sec. 12. The certificate from the Health Officer, as required by Section 2 of this Order shall be exhibited in some conspicuous place on the premises, and same shall be produced on demand of any officer of the City and County of San Francisco.

(Health Officer to Enforce Provisions of Order.)

Sec. 13. The Health Officer is hereby directed to have the provisions of this Order strictly enforced.

ORDINANCE NO. 144.

(Approved September 15, 1900.)

Regulating the Establishment and Maintenance of Public Laundries and Public Wash Houses Within the City and County of San Francisco.

(Preamble.)

Whereas, The indiscriminate establishment of public grounds and public wash-houses, where clothes and other articles are cleansed for hire, is injurious and dangerous to public health and public safety, and prejudicial to the well-being and comfort of the community, and depreciates the value of property in those neighborhoods where such public laundries and such public wash-houses are situated; now, therefore,

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

(Limits Defined.)

Section 1. On and after the passage of this Ordinance it shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to establish, maintain or carry on the business of a public laundry or a public wash-house, where clothes or other articles are cleansed for hire, within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco, without having first complied with the conditions hereinafter specified.

(Persons Conducting Laundries Must Obtain Certificates from Health Officer and Fire Warden as to the Condition of Premises.)

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to conduct or maintain a public laundry or wash-house within the City and County of San Francisco without having first obtained a certificate, signed by the Health Officer of said City and County, that the premises are properly and sufficiently drained, and that all proper arrangements for carrying on the business without injury to the sanitary condition of the neighborhood have been complied with, and particularly that the provisions of all Orders and Ordinances pertaining thereto have been complied with; also a certificate, signed by the Board of Fire Wardens of the City and County of San Francisco, that the stoves, chimneys, washing and drying apparatus, and the appliances for heating smoothing irons are in good condition, and that their use is not dangerous to the surrounding property from fire, and that all proper precautions have been taken to comply with the provisions of the Order defining the Fire Limits of the City and County of San Francisco and regulating the erection and use of

buildings in said City and County, and of the General Orders and Ordinances.

(Certificates of Health Officer and Board of Fire Wardens in Regard to Laundries, Etc.—No Charge to Be Made Therefor.)

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Health Officer, also of the Board of Fire Wardens, respectively, upon application from any person, firm or corporation proposing to open or conduct the business of a public laundry within the limits of the City and County, to inspect the premises on which it is proposed to carry on said business, or in which said business is being carried on, with a view to ascertaining whether the said premises are provided with proper drainage and sanitary appliances; also, whether the provisions of all Orders and Ordinances relating thereto have been complied with, and, if found in all respects satisfactory, then to issue to said applicants the certificates provided for in Section 2 of this Ordinance.

No charge whatever shall be made, or compensation or fee collected or received for the performance of any of the services required by the provisions of this Ordinance, in the inspection of premises or the issuance of a certificate, but all such services shall be performed free of charge.

(Times at Which Laundry Work May Not Be Performed.)

Sec. 4. No person or persons owning or employed in the public laundries or public wash-houses, provided for in Section 1 of this Ordinance, shall wash, mangle or iron clothes between the hours of 7 o'clock p. m. and 6 o'clock a. m., nor upon any portion of that day known as Sunday.

(No person Suffering from Infectious Diseases to Be Permitted to Sleep, Lodge or Remain in Any Public Laundry.)

Sec. 5. No person, firm or corporation engaged in the laundry business within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco shall permit any person suffering from any infectious or contagious disease to lodge, sleep or remain within or upon the premises used by him, her or them, for the purpose of a public laundry.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 6. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of Section 2 of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment; and any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of Sections 4 or 5 of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than five (\$5) dollars, nor more than fifty (\$50) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than one (1) month, or by both such fine and imprisonment. (As amended by Ordinance No. 1018, Approved October 27, 1903.)

(Certificates of Health Officer and Board of Fire Commissioners to be Exhibited in a Conspicuous Place.)

Sec. 7. The certificates from the Health Officer and the Board of Fire Wardens, as required by

Section 2 of this Ordinance, shall be exhibited in in some conspicuous place on the premises, and the same shall be produced on the demand of any Officer of the City and County of San Francisco.

(Police to Enforce Provisions of Ordinance.)

Sec. 8. The Police Authorities are hereby directed to have the provisions of this Ordinance strictly enforced.

(Repeal of All Conflicting Orders.)

Sec. 9. Order No. 1930 and all Orders or Ordinances or parts of Orders and Ordinances in conflict with any of the provisions of this Ordinance are hereby repealed.

Sec. 10. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDER NO. 3065.

(Approved March 15, 1897.)

**Prohibiting the Spraying of Clothes in Laundries
by Means of Water Emitted from the Mouth.**

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

**(Prohibiting the Spraying of Clothes by Water
Emitted from the Mouth.)**

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person or persons, owning or employed in any laundry in the

City and County of San Francisco, to spray the clothing of any person or persons with water emitted from the mouth of said owner or employee.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 2. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than one month, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDINANCE NO. 138.

(Approved September 8, 1900.)

Defining the Term "Cellar," and Prohibiting the Leasing, Letting, Hiring Out, Renting or Allowing Lower Portions or Apartments of Any Building, or Apartments Whose Floors Are Damp or Impregnated or Penetrated by Any Offensive Gas, Smell or Exhalation Prejudicial to Health, or Cellars, or Bathrooms, or Rooms Containing a Water Closet, or Other Places Dangerous or Prejudicial to Life or Health by Reason of a Want of Ventilation or Drainage, or by Reason of the Presence of Any Poisonous, Noxious or Offensive Substance, or Otherwise, as or For a Place of Sleeping or Residence.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. The term "Cellar" is hereby defined and shall be taken to mean and include every basement and lower story of any building or house of which one-half or more of the height from the floor to the ceiling is below the level of the street adjoining.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee, occupant or other person in charge or control of any building, or any part thereof, to lease or let or hire out the same, or any portion thereof, to be occupied by any person, or to allow the same to be occupied as a place in which, or for any one, to dwell, or lodge, unless such building, or such parts thereof, shall be sufficiently lighted, ventilated, provided and accommodated, and shall be in all respects in that condition of cleanliness and wholesomeness for which any law of this State or any Ordinance of this Board provides, or in which any of such laws or Ordinances shall require any such premises to be kept. Nor shall any such person rent, let, hire out or allow, having power to prevent the same, to be used as or for a place of sleeping or residence, any portion or apartment of any building as for a place of sleeping or residence, unless such apartment or portion shall have at least two feet of its height and space above the level of every part of the sidewalk and curbstone of any adjacent street; nor any portion or apartment of any building of which the floor is damp by reason of water from the ground, or which is impregnated or penetrated by any offensive gas, smell or exhalation prejudicial to health.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any owner, lessee, occupant or person in charge or control of any building or any part thereof, or any other

person having the right and power to prevent the same, to cause or permit any person to sleep or remain in any cellar or in any bath room, or in any room where there is a water closet, or in any place dangerous or prejudicial to life or health, by reason of a want of ventilation or drainage, or by reason of the presence of any poisonous, noxious or offensive substance, or otherwise.

Sec. 4. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 5. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 162.

(Approved October 16, 1900.)

Prohibiting the Gathering, Selling, Offering for Sale, Keeping for Sale, Giving, Distributing, or Otherwise Disposing of Watercress or other Edible Herbs or Vegetables which have been, are, or may be Growing within 1,000 Feet of Sewer Outlets, Cesspools or other Places where Stagnant Water, Seepage or other Drainage, or any Offensive Matter, or any Matter Dangerous to Health, Has or May Be Accumulated.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. No person shall gather, or sell, or offer for sale, or keep, or keep for sale, or give, or distribute, or otherwise dispose of any watercress or any other edible herb or vegetable which has, or is, or may be, growing within 1,000 feet of any sewer outlet, or any cesspool, or any other place where stagnant water, or seepage, or other drainage, or any offensive matter, or any matter dangerous to health has, or may be accumulated.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect on and from its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 578.

(Approved October 14, 1902.)

To Prevent the Manufacture, Sale, Exposure for Sale, Giving Away, Distribution or Delivery of Baneful or Injurious Food Adulterants Within the Limits of the City and County of San Francisco.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. No person, firm or corporation shall manufacture, sell, expose for sale, give away, dis-

tribute or deliver or have in their possession, with intent to sell, expose for sale, give away, distribute or deliver, or cause to sell, expose for sale, give away, distribute or deliver any baneful or injurious substance intended to be used in the preservation of any article of food or drink for human consumption.

Sec. 2. Any person, company or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined a sum not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars, nor less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a term not exceeding one hundred (100) days, nor less than thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 579.

(Approved October 14, 1902.)

Providing that Samples of Mixtures, Compounds or other Substances Intended to be Used in the Preservation of any Article of Food or Drink for Human Consumption Shall be Furnished to the Board of Health Upon Demand.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Every person, firm or corporation who shall manufacture, sell, expose for sale, give away,

distribute, deliver or have in their possession with intent to sell or expose for sale, give away, distribute or deliver any mixture, compound or other substance intended to be used in the preservation of any article of food or drink for human consumption, is hereby required to furnish to the Board of Health on its demand a sample of said mixture, compound or other substance intended to be used in the preservation of any article of food or drink for human consumption.

Sec. 2. Any person, company or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined a sum not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars nor less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a term not exceeding one hundred (100) days nor less than thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 637.

(Approved January 28, 1903.)

Prohibiting the Delivery or Depositing of Drugs, Medicines, Antiseptics, Disinfectants and Cosmetics, either for Internal or External Use, Upon the Doorstep or Premises of Another.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. No person, firm or corporation, by him or themselves, his or their servant or agent, or as the servant or agent of any person, firm or corporation, shall leave, throw or deposit upon the doorstep or premises owned or occupied by another, or deliver to any child under fourteen years of age, any patent or proprietary medicine, or any preparation, pill, tablet, powder, cosmetic, disinfectant or antiseptic, or any drug or medicine that contains poison, or any ingredient that is deleterious to health, as a sample, or in any quantity whatever for the purpose of advertising.

Sec. 2. The term drug, medicine, patent or proprietary medicine, pill, tablet, powder, cosmetic, disinfectant or antiseptic used in this Ordinance shall include all remedies for internal or external use, either in package or bulk, simple, mixed or compounded.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined a sum not exceeding one hundred (\$100) dollars, nor less than twenty-five (\$25) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a term not exceeding one hundred (100) days, nor less than thirty (30) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 797.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

**Prohibiting the Transportation on Public Streets
of Uncovered Carcasses of Animals to be Used
for Food.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and
County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to transport any beef, mutton, veal, pork, or the carcass of any animal used for food, along any public street, unless it be so covered, or unless the vehicle in which it is transported be so constructed, as to entirely protect the meat from dust and dirt, and so that the same may not be exposed to view.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon the conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 24.**(New Series.)****(Approved June 30, 1906.)**

An Ordinance to Provide Against the Evils Resulting from the Traffic in Certain Narcotic Drugs, and to Regulate the Sale Thereof; Providing for the Enforcement Thereof; and Penalties for the Violation Thereof.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation to sell, furnish or give away any cocaine, alpha or beta-eucaine, opium, morphine, herion, chloral hydrate or any salt or compound of any of the foregoing substances or any preparation or compound containing any of the foregoing substances, or their salts or compounds, except upon the original written order or prescription of a person duly authorized by law to practice medicine, dentistry or veterinary medicine within the State of California, which order or prescription shall be dated and shall contain the name of the person for whom prescribed, or if ordered by a practitioner of veterinary medicine shall state the kind of animal for which ordered, and shall be signed by the person giving the prescription or order. Such written order or prescription shall be permanently retained on file by the person, firm or corporation which shall compound or dispense the articles ordered or prescribed, and it shall not be again compounded or dispensed, except upon the written order of the

original prescriber for each and every subsequent compounding or dispensing. No copy or duplicate of such written order or prescription shall be made or delivered to any person, but the original shall at all times be open to inspection by the prescriber and properly authorized officers of the law.

Provided, however, that the above provisions shall not apply to preparations containing not more than two grains of opium or not more than one-fourth grain of morphine, or not more than one-fourth grain of herion, or not more than one-eighth grain of cocaine, or not more than one-eighth grain of alpha- or beta-eucaine, or not more than ten grains of chloral hydrate, in one fluid ounce, or if a solid preparation, in one avoirdupois ounce. Provided, also, that the above provisions shall not apply to liniments or ointments when plainly labeled "for external use only." And provided, further, that the above provisions shall not apply to sales at wholesale by jobbers, wholesalers and manufacturers to retail druggists or certified physicians, or to each other, nor to sales at retail by retail druggists to certified practitioners of medicine, dentistry or veterinary medicine, nor to sales made to or by manufacturers of proprietary or pharmaceutical preparations or to dealers for re-sale or for use in the manufacture of such preparations, nor to sales to hospitals, colleges, scientific or public institutions.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any practitioner of medicine, dentistry or veterinary medicine to furnish or to prescribe for the use of any habitual user of the same any cocaine, heroin, alpha- or

beta-eucaine, opium, morphine, chloral hydrate or any salt or compound of any of the foregoing substances, or any preparation containing any of the foregoing substances or their salts or compounds. And it shall also be unlawful for any practitioner of dentistry to prescribe any of the foregoing substances for any person not under his treatment in the regular practice of his profession, or for any practitioner of veterinary medicine to prescribe any of the foregoing substances for the use of any human being.

Sec. 3. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or shall be imprisoned in the County Jail for not less than ten days or more than two hundred and fifty days, or by both said fine and imprisonment.

Section 4. The Health Commission of the City and County of San Francisco is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make analyses of drugs and medicines and to investigate any suspected cases of violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Sec. 5. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 76.**(New Series.)****(Approved October 10, 1906.)**

An Ordinance to Prohibit the Sale of Adulterated Drugs and Medicines; Defining "Adulterations," "Drugs"; Prohibiting the Sale of Methyl Alcohol in Drugs and Medicines; Providing for the Enforcement Thereof, and Penalties for the Violation Thereof.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation to manufacture, sell, offer for sale, deliver or cause to be delivered any drug or medicine which is adulterated within the meaning of this Ordinance.

Section 2. Drugs defined—The term "drug" as used in this Ordinance includes medicines and preparations recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary for internal use; also any substance intended to be used by the internal application for the cure, mitigation or prevention of disease.

Sec. 3. Adulteration defined—For the purpose of this Ordinance any drug shall be deemed to be adulterated: First, if when sold under or by a name specified in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary it differs from the standard of strength, quality or purity as determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoeia

or National Formulary officially at the time of the investigation, provided that no drug defined in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary shall be deemed to be adulterated under this provision, if the standard of strength, quality or purity be plainly stated upon the bottle, box, package, carton or other container thereof, although the standard may differ from that determined by the test laid down in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary. Second, if its strength, quality or purity fall below the professed standard or quality under which it is sold. Third, if it is offered for sale under the name of another article. Fourth, if the package containing it or its label shall bear any statement, design or devise as to its constituent ingredients or the substances contained therein or the preparation as a whole, which statement shall be false, or if the contents of the original bottle, box, package or carton shall have been removed in whole or in part and other contents shall have been placed in such bottle, box, package or carton.

Sec. 4. Methyl alcohol prohibited—It shall be unlawful to sell, offer for sale, deliver or cause to be delivered any drug or medicine labeled with the recommendation that the same is for the internal or external use of man which contains methyl alcohol.

Sec. 5. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation to manufacture, sell, offer for sale, deliver or cause to be delivered any drug, medicine or proprietary product not recognized in the United States Pharmacopoeia or National Formulary which contains more than 10 per cent by volume of ethyl alcohol, or which con-

tains cocaine, codiene, alpha- or beta-eucaine, formaldehyde, morphine, heroin, acetanilid, cannabis indica, chloroform, arsenic, or any of their salts or compounds, unless such bottle, box, package, carton or other container shall be conspicuously labeled in letters not less than one-twentieth of the size of the largest dimension of said bottle, box, package, carton or other container, stating the exact amount or proportion of the ingredient or ingredients above mentioned which are used in the compounding of the contents of the bottle, box, package, carton or other container.

Sec. 6. The Board of Health of the City and County of San Francisco is hereby authorized, empowered and directed to make analyses of drugs and medicines and to investigate through its chemists any suspected cases of violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance.

Sec. 7. Penalties for Violation—Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined not less than twenty-five dollars nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or shall be imprisoned in the County Jail for not less than ten days or more than two hundred and fifty days, or by both said fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 8. Ordinance No. 25 (New Series), approved June 20, 1906, and Ordinance No. 38 (New Series), approved July 27, 1906, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 9. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage

ORDINANCE NO. 13.**(New Series.)****(Approved June 7, 1906.)**

Relating to and Regulating the Manner of Maintaining, Conducting, Carrying On, or Managing Restaurant Places, Kitchens, Meat Markets, Fruit Stores, Vegetable Stores, Poultry Stores, Delicatessen Stores, Bakery Stores, Street Vendor's Stores within the City and County of San Francisco.

Whereas, Since the calamity which has recently befallen the City and County of San Francisco, restaurant places, kitchens, meat markets, fruit stores, vegetable stores, bakery stores and street vendor's stores are maintained, conducted and carried on in a manner which is injurious and dangerous to the public health and public safety, and prejudicial to the well being and comfort of the community; now, therefore,

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation, engaged in maintaining, conducting, carrying on or managing a restaurant place, kitchen, meat market, fruit store, vegetable store, delicatessen store, bakery store, street vendor's store, or any other place in which or where food is prepared, sold or disposed of for human consumption, to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage said place or store, except in the manner provided for in this Ordinance.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage a restaurant place or kitchen where food stuffs are cooked, prepared, sold or disposed of for human consumption, unless the doors, windows, apertures or other openings to the premises or place where said restaurant or place is conducted, maintained, carried on or managed are effectively enclosed with finely woven wire mesh screens.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any persons, firm, association or corporation to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage a meat market, fruit store, vegetable store, poultry store, delicatessen store or bakery store where food is offered for sale or disposed of for human consumption, unless all doors, windows, apertures, and other openings to the premises or place where the business above mentioned is conducted, carried on, maintained or managed, are tightly enclosed with finely woven wire mesh screens; and furthermore, unless the food which is offered for sale or disposed of is kept within the doors of the store or place where said business is maintained, conducted, carried on or managed.

Sec. 4. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation, to maintain conduct, carry on or manage a street stand, whether stationary or movable, where is exposed for sale any food, candy or other edibles for human consumption, whether consumed at said stand or elsewhere, unless the said stand is furnished with tight glass cases, so as to protect said food; candy or other edibles from exposure to dirt, dust, flies or other insects.

Sec. 5. Any person, firm, association or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 354.

(Approved September 13, 1901.)

An Ordinance Making It Unlawful Hereafter to Erect or Establish Carpet Beating Establishments, Tanneries or Shoddy Mills Within Certain Limits of the City and County, and Describing Such Limits.

Whereas, The establishment of carpet beating works, tanneries and shoddy mills in residential parts of the city is dangerous to the public health and prejudicial to the well-being and comfort of the community, as well as ruinous to the market value of property in the neighborhood of such establishments; therefore

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to erect or establish any car-

pet beating works, tannery or shoddy mill within the following-described limits of this City and County, to wit:

Commencing at a point where Channel street intersects the waterfront line at the northern extremity of China Basin; thence running northerly, northwesterly and westerly along the established waterfront line to the eastern line of the Presidio reservation; thence southerly along the easterly line of the Presidio reservation to the southerly line of the Presidio reservation; thence westerly along said southerly line of the Presidio reservation to the shore line of the Pacific Ocean; thence westerly and southerly along the shore line of the Pacific Ocean to the western extremity of Ocean avenue; thence easterly along Ocean avenue to Mission street; thence northeasterly and northerly along Mission street to Twenty-sixth street; thence easterly along Twenty-sixth street if produced to a point where said street would intersect Potrero avenue if produced in a southerly direction. Commencing at a point formed by the intersection of Army street with San Bruno avenue; thence northerly along San Bruno avenue to Twenty-fifth street; thence easterly along Twenty-fifth street to Wisconsin street; thence northerly along Wisconsin street to Eighteenth street; thence westerly along Eighteenth street to Potrero avenue; thence northerly along Potrero avenue to Division street; thence easterly along Division street to Channel street; thence northeasterly along Channel street to the waters of the Bay and the point of commencement.

Sec. 2. This Ordinance shall not apply to, or affect, or disturb such places of business estab-

lished, or being conducted in this City and County at the time of the passage of this Ordinance.

Sec. 3. Every person, firm or corporation that violates the provisions of this Ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not exceeding five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 574.

(Approved October 11, 1902.)

Regulating the Disinfection of Shoddy and the Raw Material Used in the Manufacture Thereof.

Whereas, the use of shoddy and the materials used in the manufacture thereof without proper disinfection of the same, is a menace to the public health; therefore

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to use any material in the manufacture of shoddy or cause the same to be used unless such material shall first be disinfected by formaldehyde gas under pressure of at least 50 pounds, or steam of at least 320 degrees Fahrenheit, in an air-tight room or chamber.

Sec. 2. All machinery used in the manufacturing of shoddy, and all factories, warehouses, stores or other buildings or enclosures wherein shoddy is manufactured, produced or stored, or sold or exposed for sale, and every factory, warehouse, store or other building or enclosure wherein the raw materials used in the manufacture of shoddy is collected, stored, sold or exposed for sale, shall be at all times subject to the inspection of the Board of Health or the officers thereof.

Sec. 3. Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture, sale or storing of shoddy shall within thirty days after the final passage of this Ordinance register at the office of the Board of Health his or their individual or corporate name and business address, and no person, firm or corporation shall hereafter establish or maintain any factory, store or warehouse for the manufacture, sale or storing of shoddy without first applying to and obtaining from the Health Officer a permit to establish and maintain the same.

Sec. 4. All shoddy manufactured without the City and County of San Francisco and brought within the said City and County shall, before being sold or exposed for sale or stored in any factory, warehouse, storeroom or enclosure in this City and County, be disinfected by formaldehyde gas, under pressure of at least 50 pounds, or steam of at least 320 degrees Fahrenheit, in an air-tight room or chamber.

Sec. 5. Every person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this Ordinance or neglecting or refusing to comply with the same, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not

less than twenty-five dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period of not less than five days or more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 189.)

(New Series.)

**Regulating the Construction, Maintenance, Use
and Occupancy of Stables.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to construct, maintain, use or occupy any building or premises as a stable for more than four (4) animals without first obtaining a permit from the Board of Supervisors, specifying the name of the permittee, the location of the building or premises to be used as a stable and the number of animals that may be kept therein.

Sec. 2. Every person, firm or corporation maintaining any stable or other place in which manure or stable refuse accumulates shall cause such manure and stable refuse to be removed therefrom at least semi-weekly, and shall at all times keep such stable or other place, and every part and

appurtenance thereof, in a clean and sanitary condition, so that offensive odors shall not escape therefrom.

Sec. 3. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to construct, maintain or use, or cause to be constructed, maintained or used, any manure vault or receptacle without first having obtained from the Board of Health a permit, which shall specify the manner in which such vault or receptacle shall be constructed.

Sec. 4. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500), or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months.

Sec. 5. Ordinance No. 1055 (approved November 28, 1903), Ordinance No. 79 (New Series) (approved October 22, 1906) and all Orders and Ordinances or parts of Orders or Ordinances in so far as they conflict with this Ordinance, are hereby repealed.

Sec. 6. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 11, 1907.

ORDINANCE NO. 193.**(New Series.)****(Approved March 19, 1907.)****Regulating the Vacation of Unsafe and Unsani-
tary Structures Used for the Stabling of
Horses, Cows or other Animals, and Providing
for the Abatement of Nuisances in said
Structures.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and
County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Whenever the Health Officer of this
City and County shall make written complaint to
the Board of Health that any structure or any
part thereof is unfit for the stabling of horses,
cows or other animals, by reason of its unsanitary
use or unsafe condition, the Board of Health shall
by formal resolution order a hearing of said com-
plaint and fix the time and place therefor. The
complaint shall contain general allegations setting
forth the unfitness complained of.

Sec. 2. Upon the filing of said complaint the
Board of Health shall cause a copy thereof, together
with a notice of the time and place set for the
hearing thereof, to be served personally upon the
owner of said structure or part thereof com-
plained of, or his agent, or the lessee thereof, and

shall cause a copy of said complaint, together with said notice of hearing, to be posted in some conspicuous place on said structure. The time fixed for the hearing of said complaint shall not be less than forty-eight hours after the service and posting of the copy of said complaint and said notice. Said notice shall require all persons interested to appear at the hearing to show cause, if any they have, why said structure or part thereof complained of should not be declared a nuisance and abated as such.

Sec. 3. At the hearing of said complaint evidence shall be taken showing the condition of the structure, or part thereof complained of. If the Board shall determine from the evidence that the complaint has been sustained and that the structure or part complained thereof is a nuisance, it shall by resolution formally so find and determine, and shall in said resolution set forth in general terms the reasons for its finding and determination. pealed.

Sec. 4. The Board of Health, upon its determination and finding that the structure of part thereof complained thereof is a nuisance, shall order the place vacated of all horses, cows or other animals, and shall cause a copy of said order to be posted in a conspicuous place on the aforesaid structure or part thereof determined by said Board to be a

nuisance, and a copy thereof to be personally served upon the owner thereof, or his agent, or the lessee thereof. The order shall specify the time within which said structure shall be vacated of horses, cows or other animals, which shall not be less than twenty-four hours after the posting of said order and the personal service thereof as above provided.

Sec. 5. The Health Officer shall, after the posting and the service of the above order, give written notice thereof to the Chief of Police, who shall thereupon execute and enforce the said order.

Sec. 6. The owner or hirer of said horses, cows or other animals occupying said structure or part thereof ordered vacated thereunder who shall himself or through others, wilfully fail to comply with the order of said Board of Health, shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 7. If, in the opinion of the Board of Health, a structure or part thereof ordered vacated hereunder can be made sanitary for the stabling of said horses, cows or other animals, and the owner thereof shall notify said Board in writing within twenty-four hours after the service of the notice to vacate as above provided that he will make or cause to be made such alterations or repairs as in the judgment of the Health Officer shall be necessary for the purpose of making said structure or part thereof sanitary, the Board of Health may, in

its discretion, grant a reasonable time within which to make and complete said alterations and repairs.

Sec. 8. The structure or part thereof vacated hereunder shall not be re-occupied for the purpose of stabling horses, cows or other animals without the permission of the Board of Supervisors and the written recommendation of the Board of Health. If the owner of said structure or part thereof, or his agent or lessee thereof, permits the occupation thereof for said purpose, without such permission, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in Section 6 of this Ordinance.

Sec. 9. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE No. 328.

(Approved July 20, 1901.)

Regulating the Vacation of Unsafe and Unsanitary Structures and the Abatement of Nuisances Therein.

Whereas, The occupation of structures, or parts thereof, intended and used for human habitation which are unfit for such purpose is injurious and dangerous to the public health and safety; now, therefore, be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Whenever the Health Officer of this City and County shall make written complaint to the Board of Health that any structure, or part

thereof, is unfit for human habitation by reason of its unsanitary or unsafe condition, the Board of Health shall by formal resolution order a hearing of said complaint and fix the time and place therefor. The complaint shall contain general allegations setting forth the conditions complained of.

Sec. 2. Upon the filing of such complaint, the Board of Health shall cause a copy thereof, together with a notice of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, to be served personally upon the owner of said structure, or part thereof complained of, or his agent, or the lessee or the occupant thereof, and shall cause a copy of said complaint, together with said notice of hearing, to be posted in some conspicuous place on said structure. The time fixed for the hearing of said complaint shall not be less than forty-eight hours after the service and posting of the copy of said complaint and said notice. Said notice shall require all persons interested to appear at the hearing to show cause, if any they have, why said structure or the part thereof complained of should not be declared a nuisance, and abated as such.

Sec. 3. At the hearing of said complaint evidence shall be taken showing the condition of the structure, or the part thereof complained of. The Board, upon the conclusion of said evidence, shall determine by formal resolution whether the complaint has been sustained and whether the structure or part thereof complained of is a nuisance. If the Board shall determine that the complaint has been sustained and the structure or part thereof complained of is a nuisance, it shall by resolution formally so find and determine, and shall in said resolution set forth in general terms the reasons for its findings and determination.

Sec. 4. The Board of Health, upon its determination and finding that the structure, or part thereof complained of, is a nuisance, shall order all persons in or upon the aforesaid structure, or part thereof found and determined by it to be a nuisance, to vacate the same, and shall cause a copy of said order to be posted in a conspicuous place on the aforesaid structure or part thereof determined by said Board to be a nuisance, and a copy thereof to be personally served upon the owner thereof or his agent, or the lessee or the occupant thereof. The order shall specify the time within which said structure or the part thereof determined by said Board to be a nuisance shall be vacated, which shall be not less than 24 hours after the passing of said order and the personal service thereof as above provided.

Sec. 5. The Health Officer shall, after the posting and the service of the above order, give written notice thereof to the Chief of Police, who shall thereupon, through the officers of the Police Department, execute and enforce the said order.

Sec. 6. Any owner, or the agent of such owner, or the lessee or the occupant of any structure or part thereof ordered vacated hereunder, who shall himself or through others forcibly resist or prevent the enforcement of such order shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punishable by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, or more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period of not less than ten days nor more than three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 7. If, in the opinion of the Board of Health,

a structure or part thereof ordered vacated hereunder can be made safe or sanitary as the need may be , and the owner thereof, or his agent, or the lessee or the occupant thereof shall notify said Board in writing within twenty-four hours after the service of notice to vacate as above provided, that he will make, or cause to be made, such alterations or repairs as, in the judgment of the Health Officer, shall be necessary for the purpose of making said structure or part thereof safe and sanitary. the Board of Health may, in its discretion, grant a reasonable time within which to make and complete said alterations and repairs.

Sec. 8. If at any time the Board of Health shall determine that any structure or part thereof is an imminent menace or danger to health or life, and is incapable of being placed by repair or alteration in such condition as to obviate such menace or danger, said Board may cause its summary destruction without the adoption of the proceedings in the preceding sections hereof prescribed.

Sec. 9. The structure or part thereof vacated hereunder shall not be reoccupied without the written permission of the Board of Health. If the owner of said structure or part thereof, his agent or the lessee, or the former occupant thereof occupies or permits the occupation thereof without such permission, he shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished as provided in Section 6 of this Ordinance.

Sec. 10. Upon the written application therefor of the Board of Health, the Board of Supervisors shall allow and order paid out of such fund as the Board of Supervisors may lawfully specify any sums, the expenditure of which may be necessary

for the enforcement of this Ordinance, and the Auditor shall audit and the Treasurer shall pay such sums so allowed and ordered paid, and the amount so expended shall become a lien upon the property upon which said nuisance was abated in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. And said amount may be recovered by an action against said property or the owner thereof.

Sec. 11. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force from and after its passage.

ORDINANCE NO. 1020.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Prohibiting the Use of Oil, Paraffine or any Similar Substance in the Preparation of Rice for Market.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to use, or cause to be used, any oil, paraffine or other similar substances in the process of cleaning or preparing rice for market.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 1031.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Regulating the Use of Receptacles for Beverages.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation, engaged in the business of selling any fluid for human consumption, to keep the same in any tank, fountain, vessel, tap, faucet, pipe or conduit, made of brass, lead, copper or other metallic substance, with which such fluid may form chemical compounds which will render such fluid unwholesome and dangerous to health.

Sec. 2. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 1022.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Prohibiting the Pollution of Water in Public Water Works.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to put or place in or on or to allow to run into or on any public reservoir, or the bank, border or margin thereof, or into any water pipe, aqueduct, canal, stream or excavation therewith connected, any animal, vegetable or mineral substance; or to do, perform or commit any act or thing which will pollute the purity and wholesomeness of any water intended for human consumption.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 1036.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Regulating the Use of Water Wells.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to maintain or use any well for the purpose of drawing therefrom water intended for drinking purposes without first obtaining from the Board of Health a permit so to do; or to use any well after notice from the Board of Health to close or fill it.

Sec. 2. Whenever it shall appear to the satisfaction of the Board of Health that any well, the water of which is used for domestic purposes, has become polluted, or in anywise rendered unsafe for domestic or drinking purposes, or has become otherwise prejudicial to health or dangerous to life, said Board of Health shall give to the owner or his agent, lessee, tenant or other person in charge of such well, written notice to close and to fill it within a time to be specified in such notice. If such notice be not complied with, the Board of Health shall cause such well to be closed and filled up at the cost and expense of the owner thereof.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 1028.

(Approved October 27, 1903.)

Regulating the Operation of Gas Works.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation engaged in the business of

manufacturing illuminating gas to cause or permit any gas, tar, or refuse to be deposited in any public waters or sewer, or public street or place; or to permit any gas, dangerous or prejudicial to health, to escape from any gas works or pipes; or to manufacture illuminating gas of such ingredients or quality that in the process of burning, such gas or anything escaping therefrom shall be dangerous or prejudicial to life or health.

Sec. 2. Every person, firm or corporation engaged in the manufacture of illuminating gas must use the most approved methods to prevent the escape of odors.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 869.

(Approved June 26, 1903.)

Prohibiting the Discharge of Coal Tar or Similar Refuse into Public Sewers, or the Waters of the Bay.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation owning or operating any gas manufacturing plant, to permit any coal tar or other refuse substance, created by, or consequent upon, the manufacture of gas from coal or petroleum, to flow or be discharged, or emptied in any manner whatever, from such plant or otherwise, into any public sewer in any public street, or to connect or maintain any side sewer, or drain connection with a public sewer, in any public street, for the purpose of conveying coal tar or other refuse substance, as aforesaid, from any building, plant, manufactory or other place, into any public sewer.

Sec. 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation owning or operating any gas manufacturing plant, to permit any coal tar or other refuse substance, created by, or consequent upon, the manufacture of gas from coal or petroleum, to flow or be discharged or emptied in any manner whatever, from such plant, or otherwise, into the waters of the bay, within a distance of two thousand (2000) yards from the shore within the limits of this City and County.

Sec. 3. Any person, firm or corporation who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 4. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDINANCE NO. 807.

(Approved June 11, 1903.)

**Regulating the Cleansing of Animals and Vehicles
on Public Streets.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person to wash, or cause to be washed, any animal or vehicle, between the hours of 8 o'clock a. m. and 10 o'clock p. m., on any public highway within that portion of the City and County lying east of Devisadero and Castro streets and north of Twenty-sixth street.

Sec. 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Sec. 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

ORDER NO. 3,064.

(Approved March 15, 1897.)

**Prohibiting Expectoration in Street Railway Cars
in the City and County of San Francisco.**

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

(Prohibiting expectoration in street railway cars.)

Section 1. No person shall expectorate on the floor of any street railway car in the City and County of San Francisco.

(Posting of Notices in Street Railway Cars.)

Sec. 2. All street railway companies shall keep posted in a conspicuous place in their cars a sufficient number of notices calling attention to the provisions of this Order.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 3. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and, upon conviction thereof, shall be fined in a sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment for a term not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

ORDER NO. 3063.

(Approved March 15, 1897.)

Prohibiting Expectoration on the Floors of Public Buildings or on Any Sidewalk in This City and County and Providing a Penalty Therefor.

The People of the City and County of San Francisco do ordain as follows:

Section 1. No person shall expectorate on the floor of any public building or on any sidewalk in this City and County.

(Placing of Receptacles in Public Buildings.)

Sec. 2. It shall be the duty of the Committee on Public Buildings to furnish a sufficient number of suitable receptacles for the reception of sputum, and cause the distribution and maintenance of the same in public buildings at such locations as may be deemed advisable to afford necessary convenience and accommodation.

(Penalty.)

Sec. 3. Any person violating any of the provisions of this Order shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor and be punished by a fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or imprisonment not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

(Notices to be Posted in Public Buildings.)

Sec. 4. The Committee on Public Buildings shall have prepared and cause to be posted and kept posted a sufficient number of notices prohibiting the expectoration upon the floors of said buildings, and the janitors of and officers of such buildings shall cause the arrest and prosecution of any and all persons violating any of the provisions of this Order.

Sec. 5. It shall be and it is hereby made the duty of the Chief of Police to cause the provisions of this Order to be enforced.

ORDINANCE NO. 314.**Regulating the Establishment and Maintenance of Public Laundries and Public Washhouses.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation hereafter to establish and maintain any building or premises as a public laundry or washhouse without first obtaining a permit therefor from the Board of Supervisors specifying the name of the permittee and the location of the premises to be used as such laundry or washhouse; provided, however, that the Board of Supervisors in the granting or refusal of such permit shall exercise a reasonable and sound discretion, taking into consideration the character of the applicant for such permit and the intended location of such laundry or washhouse.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation that shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor and, upon conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine not to exceed five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 3. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, December 9. 1907.

ORDINANCE NO. 334.

(New Series.)

Prohibiting Hereafter the Erection and Maintenance of any Stable for More Than Four Horses Within Fifty Feet of any Residence, Schoolhouse or Church Within the City and County of San Francisco.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to hereafter construct and maintain within the City and County of San Francisco, within fifty feet of any residence, dwelling place, schoolhouse or church, any stable for more than four horses, or to maintain as a stable for more

than four (4) horses within fifty (50) feet of any residence, dwelling place, schoolhouse or church and existing structure not used at the date of the passage of the Ordinance for stable purposes.

Section 2. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and, on conviction thereof, shall be punished by a fine of not less than fifty (\$50) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail not exceeding six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 3. Ordinance No. 189 (New Series) and all ordinances and parts of ordinances in conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Section 4. This Ordinance shall be in force and take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, January 6, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 345.

(New Series.)

An Ordinance Regulating the Construction of Stables or any Premises for the Purpose of Stabling Horses or Mules, and Providing for the Storing and Removal of Manure.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation hereafter to construct any building or premises to be used as a stable for horses or mules without first obtaining a permit from the Board of Supervisors and the Board of Health, specifying the name of permittee, and the location of building or premises to be used as a stable and the number of animals intended to be kept therein.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to maintain as a stable for horses or mules any existing structure not used at the date of the passage of this Ordinance for stable purposes without first obtaining a permit from the Board of Supervisors and Board of Health, specifying the name of the permittee, the location of the building or premises to be used as such stable and the number of animals to be kept therein.

Construction of Floor and Sidewalls.

Section 3. The floor of all buildings or premises hereafter constructed and intended to be used for the purpose of stabling horses or mules must be of concrete not less than three inches thick covered with a layer of cement or asphaltum not less than one-half inch thick.

Section 4. A semi-circular or V-shaped gutter drain shall be constructed at the time floor is put down in the rear of those portions or parts of the premises where stalls are to be constructed.

This gutter drain shall have a uniform thickness as is set forth in the construction of the floor of the stable and shall not be less than four inches inside measurement at the floor level, nor less than three inches in depth, with sufficient fall to carry off all liquid discharges from the stalls.

Section 5. In all buildings hereafter constructed for stable purposes the side walls or foundation of the structure shall be of concrete or brick laid in cement mortar not less than eight inches thick at the top and shall continue to a height of not less than one foot above the surrounding surface soil, and shall have no breaks or openings except when necessary for doors.

Section 6. Wash racks, when located within the stable, must be provided with surface drain to connect with sewer, provisions for same to be made before putting down the floor.

Section 7. Gutter drains in rear of stalls shall drain into sewer in such manner as to fully comply with provisions of Ordinance No. 1504 of the Board of Supervisors.

Section 8. Every person, firm or corporation now and hereafter maintaining any stable or other place in which manure or stable refuse accumulates shall provide a galvanized iron, tin, zinc or other metal lined box or bin within the area walls of the stable; said box or bin shall be vented by means of a duct or flue not less than twelve inches square extending through the roof. The termination of said vent shall be carried above the roof of adjoining premises, and in no instance be less than ten feet from any window or light well.

Section 9. All manure or stable refuse must be removed from the stable at least semi-weekly, and at all times shall

such stable or other place, and every part and appurtenance thereof, be kept in a clean and sanitary condition.

Section 10. No ventilators or windows which may be used as ventilators shall be constructed in the area walls of the stable if within ten feet of adjacent property lines, except by special consent of the Board of Health, which must appear on the face of stable permit.

Section 11. All stables must be ventilated by means of Louvre ventilators in the roof, or by openings in area walls where said walls are more than ten feet from adjacent property lines, except as provided in Section 10 hereof.

Section 12. Every stable or other place, where horses or mules are kept, must have not less than 1,000 cubic feet of air space in the clear for each and every animal kept therein.

Section 13. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to use any stable or other place where animals are kept as a place of storage for fruits, vegetables, meats, milk or any other food stuffs.

Section 14. All feed excepting hay shall be kept in a metal lined bin or metal lined room, so constructed as to be rat-proof.

Section 15. The provisions of this Ordinance shall apply to all stables that shall hereafter be conducted in structures which are now existing but are not used for stable purposes at the date of the passage of this Ordinance.

Section 16. Any person, firm or corporation, or any servant, agent or employee of any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than five (\$5.00) dollars nor more than five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not less than six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, January 13, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 357.
(New Series.)

Regulating the Collection of Garbage, by Requiring Covered Metal Receptacles Therefor, and the Prompt Conveyance

Thereof to the Reduction Works, and Providing for the Revocation of Permits for Scavenger Wagons.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. From and after the passage of this Ordinance all garbage, as hereinafter defined, shall be placed by the person, firm or corporation occupying the premises upon which such garbage is created, in a water-tight metal receptacle, which receptacle shall be continuously closed by a close-fitting metal cover. The contents of such receptacle shall be delivered at least once a week to some person holding a legal permit from the Board of Health, issued under the provisions of Ordinance No. 775, entitled "Imposing a License on Scavenger Wagons."

Section 2. The person collecting such garbage under the terms of the preceding section shall deposit the contents of all such receptacles from such receptacle directly into the wagon provided therefor, and shall deliver the contents of such wagon at the Sanitary Reduction Works on the same day that such garbage was placed therein. Any failure on the part of the person so collecting such garbage to observe the requirements of this section will be sufficient to justify the revocation by the Board of Health of the permit issued in accordance with the provisions of said Ordinance No. 775.

Section 3. The term "garbage" as herein used is hereby defined to be all kitchen refuse of residences, restaurants, hotels and places where food is prepared for human consumption, all waste and offal from fish, meat and vegetable markets, and all organic substances of whatever kind or nature unfit for food that are subject to immediate decay.

Section 4. In addition to the revocation of the permit for the cause set forth in Section 2 hereof, the Board of Health shall have authority to hear complaints against any person holding such permit and to revoke the same for insolent or threatening conduct, for the failure to collect garbage under the terms of any contract, or for the violation of any sanitary regulations made by such Board; and no increase of charge for the collection of such garbage shall be made without the permission of the Board of Health.

Section 5. All members of the Police Department and em-

ployees of the Board of Health are hereby specifically required to enforce the provisions of this Ordinance, and shall have the right to enter any and all premises for the purpose of ascertaining as to the sanitary condition thereof, and any person denying or obstructing such entry shall be subject to the penalty herein provided.

Section 6. Any person, firm or corporation violating any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 7. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, February 3, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 368.
(New Series.)

Adding a New Section to Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), Known as "The Building Law," to be Numbered Section 268-B, Relating to Concrete Floors in Markets.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. A new section is hereby added to Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), known as "The Building Law," to be numbered Section 268-B, and to read as follows:

Concrete Floors in Markets.

Section 268-B. All floors of buildings used as markets must be constructed of concrete or other fireproof material covered with a wearing surface of concrete; or if of wooden construction such floor must be covered with waterproof material, the same to be run up on the walls at least eight inches in height; over this waterproof material there shall be placed a wearing surface of concrete at least one and one-half inches in thickness, troweled to a smooth surface.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 2, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 369.

Providing Sanitary Regulations for the Protection of the Public Health in the City and County of San Francisco, and particularly to prevent the Propagation and Spread of the Bubonic Plague Through the Medium of Rats.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. This Ordinance is designed to be and is enacted as a police and sanitary regulation for the protection of the public health, and particularly to prevent the propagation and spread of bubonic plague through the medium of rats.

Section 2. The Health Officer of the City and County of San Francisco, or any agent or inspector appointed by him or by the Board of Health for the purpose, shall have authority, after announcing the purpose of his visit, and shall be permitted to enter any building or premises, or any part thereof, in the City and County, between the hours of nine o'clock in the forenoon and five o'clock in the afternoon of any day, for the purpose of inspecting the same, and to ascertain whether the provisions of this Ordinance have been complied with by the owner and occupant thereof.

Section 3. All building and basement walls of all storerooms, warehouses, residences or other buildings within the City and County; all chicken yards or pens, chicken coops or houses, and all barns and stables, shall be so constructed or repaired as to prevent rats from being harbored underneath the same or within the walls thereof, and all food products or other products, goods, wares and merchandise liable to attract or to become infested or infected with rats, whether kept for sale or for any other purpose, shall be so protected as to prevent rats from gaining access thereto or coming in contact therewith. All storerooms, warehouses, residences or other buildings in said City and County shall be provided by the householder or his agent with one or more traps of a pattern approved by the Health Officer, which traps shall be freshly baited at least twice each week by the householder or his agent, and shall be inspected daily by the householder or his agent, and any rat or rats caught therein shall be killed and delivered to the Health Department, or its duly authorized deputy, or killed and

then destroyed by burning, and such trap or traps thoroughly smoked and reset and rebaited by said householder or his agent.

Section 4. All public and private docks and wharves in the City and County, wherever located, shall be so protected as to prevent rats from gaining entrance to such docks or wharves at either high or low tide from vessels anchored or moored alongside of such docks or wharves, or from other sources, and all food products stored in docks or wharves shall be so kept and stored as to prevent rats from gaining access thereto or coming in contact therewith. All docks and wharves shall be provided with two or more traps of a pattern approved by the Health Officer; traps shall be freshly baited at least twice each week, and shall be inspected daily, and all rats caught therein shall be killed and delivered to the Health Department, or its duly authorized deputy, or killed and then destroyed by burning, and such trap or traps shall be thoroughly smoked and reset and rebaited.

Section 5. All slaughterhouses of every kind and nature and wherever located in the City and County shall be so protected as to prevent rats from gaining access to the building or buildings thereof, and all holes and openings in the building or basement walls shall be thoroughly stopped with cement or other material approved by the Board of Health, and all food products stored in slaughterhouses shall be so kept as to prevent rats from coming in contact therewith.

All slaughterhouses shall have at least two traps, or as many more traps as may be required by the Board of Health of pattern approved by said Board, which traps shall be baited with fresh bait at least twice a week, and such traps shall be inspected daily by the owners, lessees or agents thereof, and all rats caught therein shall be killed and delivered to the Health Department, or its duly authorized deputy, or killed and then destroyed by burning, and the trap or traps thoroughly smoked and reset and rebaited by said owners, lessees or their agents.

Section 6. All buildings, places and premises whatsoever in the City and County shall at once be placed, and shall continuously be kept, by the owner or occupant thereof in a clean and sanitary condition, and free from rats.

Section 7. No person, firm or corporation shall have or per-

mit upon any premises owned, occupied or controlled by him or it, any nuisance detrimental to health, or any accumulation of filth, garbage, decaying animal or vegetable matter, or any animal or human excrement; and it shall be the duty of the Health Officer of the City and County to cause any such person, firm or corporation to be notified to abolish, abate and remove such nuisance, and in case such person, firm or corporation shall fail, neglect or refuse to remove the same within one (1) day after receiving such notice, such nuisance may be removed and abated under and by order of the Health Officer, and the person, firm or corporation whose duty it was to abate or remove such nuisance, in addition to incurring penalties in this Ordinance provided, shall become indebted to the City and County for the costs and charges incurred by the City and County by reason of the existence and removal of such nuisance.

Section 8. No person, firm or corporation shall dump or place upon any land, or any water or waterway, within the City and County, any dead animal, butchers' offal, fish or parts of fish, or any waste vegetable or animal matter whatever.

Section 9. No person, firm or corporation, whether the owner, lessee, occupant or agent of any premises, shall keep or permit to be kept in any building, area way, or upon any premises, or in any alley, street or public place adjacent to any premises, any waste animal or vegetable matter, dead animals, butcher's offal, fish or parts of fish, swill or any refuse matter from any restaurant, eating place, residence, place of business or other building, unless the same be collected and kept in a tightly covered or closed metal can or vessel.

Section 10. No rubbish, waste or manure shall be placed, left, dumped or permitted to accumulate or remain in any building, place or premises in the City and County so that the same shall or may afford food or a harboring or breeding place for rats.

Section 11. Any person, firm or corporation violating or failing to comply with any of the provisions of this ordinance shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine in any sum not exceeding five hundred (\$500) dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding

six (6) months, or by both such fine and imprisonment. Each day's violation of any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be construed as a separate and distinct offense.

Section 12. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 2, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 370.

(New Series.)

Amending Section 2 of Ordinance No. 65, Entitled "Regulating the Character of Vehicles to be Used for the Transportation of Garbage, Ashes or Refuse of any Description, and Swill," Approved May 9, 1900.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Section 2 of Ordinance No. 65, entitled "Regulating the character of vehicles to be used for the transportation of garbage, ashes or refuse of any description, and swill," approved May 9, 1900, is hereby amended to read as follows:

That vehicles used for the transportation of swill shall be so constructed that the same shall be water tight, and that no leakage can escape from such vehicles, and such vehicle shall be provided with a hinged cover which can be tightly closed. All vehicles for the transportation of swill or garbage of any character shall be subject to the approval of the Board of Health before licenses for their operation are issued.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 2, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 379.

(New Series.)

Amending Ordinance No. 357 (New Series), Entitled "Regulating the Collection of Garbage by Requiring Covered Metal Receptacles Therefor and the Prompt Conveyance Thereof to the Reduction Works, and Providing for the Revocation of Permits for Scavenger Wagons," Approved February 5, 1908, by Adding Thereto a New Section to be Numbered Section 1-A.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Ordinance No. 357 (New Series), entitled "Regulating the collection of garbage by requiring covered metal receptacles therefor and the prompt conveyance thereof to the Reduction Works, and providing for the revocation of permits for scavenger wagons," approved February 5, 1908, is hereby amended by adding thereto a new section to be numbered Section 1-A, and to read as follows:

Section 1-A. Every contractor or builder engaged in the erection or repair of a building is hereby required to provide a water-tight metal receptacle at or near such building being so erected or repaired, within which receptacle shall be deposited any refuse, food or garbage cast aside by the employees or workmen engaged on such building. Said receptacle shall be kept continuously closed by a close-fitting metal cover except at such times when opened for the deposit of such refuse, food or garbage.

Every employee or workman engaged in work upon said building or on the premises surrounding said building who consumes food on said premises is hereby required to deposit in such water-tight metal receptacle in the manner aforesaid all leavings of such food as may be unconsumed or rejected by him, and the casting aside on said premises or throwing about of unconsumed food or of any garbage is hereby expressly forbidden.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.
In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 9, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 382. (New Series.)

Amending Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), Known as "The Building Law," by Adding a New Section Thereto to be Numbered Section 314-A, Relating to Floors in Yards, etc.
Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. A new section is hereby added to Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), known as "The Building Law," to be numbered Section No. 314-A, to read as follows:

Floors in Yards, Etc.

Section 314-A, All floors of yards, courts and passageways

shall be of earth, sand, gravel, cinders or other similar material, or of concrete. No such floors shall be constructed of wood.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 16, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 383.
(New Series.)

**Amending Section 314 of Ordinance No. 31 (New Series),
Known as "The Building Law," Relating to Awnings.**

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Section 314 of Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), known as "The Building Law," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Awnings, Shades and Balconies.

Section 314. All awnings, shades and balconies shall be at least ten (10) feet above the line of the curb level, and securely supported on wrought-iron brackets, built into the walls, and no part shall be less than ten (10) feet above the line of the curb level of the sidewalk, and a gutter shall thereon be formed to carry off the water to the line of the building and thence to the street gutter. No gutters shall be required on cloth or canvas awnings or shades. The height of all movable canvas or cloth awnings or shades shall not be less than seven and one-half (7½) feet above said curb level.

Awnings, shades and balconies shall not extend beyond the line of the curb, provided, however, that no awnings, shade or balcony shall be erected on any building facing on any street, lane, alley or place which is twenty (20) feet or less in width; and no permanent awning, shade or balcony shall be constructed on any building within the fire limits unless the same be constructed of metal only or of metal and wire glass, and all cloth or canvas awnings shall be kept raised except when the sun shines on the spot to be protected by the same.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 16, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 384.

(New Series.)

Regulating the Keeping and Feeding of Live Hares, Rabbits, Guinea Pigs, Chickens, Turkeys, Geese, Ducks, Doves, Pigeons and Other Fowl.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep or feed, or cause to be kept or fed, or permit to be kept or fed, on premises over which any such person, firm or corporation may have control, any live hares, rabbits, guinea pigs, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, doves, pigeons or other fowl within the limits of the City and County of San Francisco herein below designated, unless the same are kept or fed in coops or enclosures complying with the following requirements, to wit:

(1) The floor of said coop or enclosure shall be of concrete not less than two (2) inches thick and covered either with a layer of cement not less than one-half an inch thick or asphalt not less than one inch thick.

(2) The said coop or enclosure shall be entirely surrounded by a brick or concrete wall at least five (5) inches in thickness and one foot high.

(3) The said coop or enclosure shall be entirely surrounded by a galvanized iron wire mesh fence, walls or sides extending at least six (6) feet above the ground, which mesh shall not be greater than one-half inch in size.

Provided, however, that said live hares, rabbits, guinea pigs, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, doves, pigeons or other fowl shall be permitted between the hours of sunrise and sunset to run at large within the limits of the premises in which said coops or inclosures are maintained, and provided, further, that said coops or inclosures shall be kept closed during the time that said live hares, rabbits, guinea pigs, chickens, turkeys, geese, doves, pigeons and other fowl are so running at large.

The portion of the City and County subject to the provisions of this Ordinance is bounded and described as follows, to wit: Commencing at a point where Lyon street meets the waters of the bay; thence southerly along Lyon street to the southerly

boundary line of Presidio reservation; thence westerly along said boundary line to Sixteenth avenue; thence southerly on Sixteenth avenue to Fulton street (formerly D and Fulton streets); thence easterly on Fulton street to Stanyan street; thence southerly on Stanyan street to Frederick street; thence westerly on Frederick street to First avenue; thence southerly on First avenue to Parnassus avenue; thence in an easterly direction on Parnassus avenue to Stanyan street; thence along Stanyan street southerly to Thirtieth street; thence easterly along Thirtieth street to Castro street; thence southerly along Castro street to a point where, if extended southerly, it would intersect the corner of Mission street and Silver avenue; thence southerly along Mission street to Tingley street; thence along Tingley street to Alemany avenue; thence along Alemany avenue to Bauer street; thence along Bauer street to Mission street; thence southwesterly along Mission street to France avenue; thence along France avenue to Paris street; thence northeasterly along Paris street to Russia avenue; thence southeasterly along Russia avenue to Munich street; thence northeasterly along Munich street to Felton street; thence easterly along Felton street to Madison street; thence northwesterly along Madison street to Silver avenue; thence along Silver avenue in a westerly direction to Mission street; thence northeasterly along Mission street to Canal street; thence along Canal street to the southerly boundary of St. Mary's College tract; thence easterly and northerly along the southerly and easterly boundaries of said tract to Crescent avenue; thence along Crescent avenue to Andover avenue; thence northerly along Andover avenue to Cortland avenue; thence along Cortland avenue in an easterly direction to San Bruno avenue; thence following the line of San Bruno avenue to Islais creek, and the waters of the bay from Islais creek to Lyon street.

Section 2. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm or corporation to keep or feed live hares, rabbits, guinea pigs, chickens, turkeys, geese, ducks, doves, pigeons or other fowl in movable or portable coops in premises which are not rat proof unless the said coops are constructed with a metal bottom and metal sides to a height of at least one foot, surmounted by a metal cage of one-half ($\frac{1}{2}$) inch wire mesh.

Section 3. Any person, firm or corporation violating the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not more than five hundred dollars or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than six months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 4. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.
In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 16, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 399.

Prohibiting the Smoking of Any Cigar, Pipe or Cigarette or the Burning of Tobacco by Any Person Riding Inside a Street Railway Car or Upon the Front Platform of any Enclosed Street Railway Car.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. It shall be unlawful for any person while riding upon the inside of any street railway car, or upon the front platform of any enclosed street railway car, operating upon the public streets in this City and County, to smoke any cigar, pipe or cigarette, or to burn tobacco while so riding.

Section 2. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this Ordinance shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not to exceed twenty-five (\$25) dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for not more than ten (10) days, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 3. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.
In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, March 30, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 416.

Amending Ordinance No. 13 (New Series), Entitled "An Ordinance Relating to and Regulating the Manner of Maintaining, Conducting, Carrying on or Managing Restaurant Places, Kitchens, Meat Markets, Fruit Stores, Vegetable Stores, Poultry Stores, Delicatessen Stores, Bakery Stores, Street Vendors' Stores Within the City and County of San Francisco," Approved June 7, 1906, by Amending Sections 3 and 4 Thereof, and Adding New Sections Thereto to be

Numbered Sections 4a and 4b, All Relating to the Manner of Maintaining, Conducting, Carrying on or Managing Fruit and Vegetable Stores.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Section 3 of Ordinance No. 13 (New Series), entitled an Ordinance "Relating to and Regulating the Manner of Maintaining, Conducting, Carrying on or Managing Restaurant Places, Kitchens, Meat Markets, Fruit Stores, Vegetable Stores, Poultry Stores, Delicatessen Stores, Bakery Stores, Street Venders' Stores within the City and County of San Francisco," approved June 7, 1906, is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 3. It shall be unlawful for any persons, firm, association or corporation to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage a meat market, fruit store, vegetable store, poultry store, delicatessen store or bakery store where food is offered for sale or disposed of for human consumption, unless all doors, windows, apertures and other openings to the premises or place where the business above mentioned is conducted, carried on, maintained or managed, are tightly enclosed with finely woven wire mesh screens; and furthermore, unless the food which is offered for sale or disposed of is kept within the doors of the store or place where said business is maintained, conducted, carried on or managed.

Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to those who sell or offer for sale fruit in original, covered or unbroken packages."

Section 2. Section 4 of said Ordinance is hereby amended to read as follows:

"Section 4. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation, to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage a street stand, whether stationary or movable, where is exposed for sale any food, candy or other edibles for human consumption, whether consumed at said stand or elsewhere, unless the said stand is furnished with tight glass cases, so as to protect said food, candy or other edibles from exposure to dirt, dust, flies or other insects.

Provided, that this section shall not apply to fruit or vege-

tables exposed for sale in street stands, stationary or movable."

Section 3. A new section is hereby added to said Ordinance to be numbered Section 4a, to read as follows:

"Section 4a. It shall be unlawful for any person, firm, association or corporation to maintain, conduct, carry on or manage a street stand, whether stationary or movable, where is exposed for sale any fruit or vegetables, whether consumed at said stand or elsewhere, unless the said stand is furnished so as to protect said fruit and vegetables with tight glass cases or finely woven wire mesh screens, mosquito netting, or other dirt, dust and fly-proof covering, so placed over and about said fruit or vegetables as not to touch the same at any point."

Section 4. A new section is hereby added to said Ordinance, to be numbered Section 4b, to read as follows:

"Section 4b. Nothing in this Ordinance contained shall require those selling or offering for sale Bananas, Pineapples, Oranges, Limes, Lemons, or other citrus fruits, or fruits or vegetables whose rind or skin must be removed before eating, to enclose said fruits or vegetables with any covering or to keep the same within the doors of the store or place where the same may be sold or offered for sale."

Section 5. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, April 20, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 489.

(New Series.)

Amending Section 268A of Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), Known as "The Building Law," Relating to the Rat-Proofing of Basements.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Section 268A of Ordinance No. 31 (New Series), known as "The Building Laws," is hereby amended to read as follows:

Rat-Proofing Basements.

Section 268-A. All buildings shall be made so as to be impervious as possible to the ingress of rats and other vermin. The foundation walls shall be of concrete or of brick or stone laid in cement mortar, or some equally rat-proof material, shall

extend at least one foot above the surface soil, and shall be at least eight inches thick at the top; and where openings are necessary for ventilation or other purposes said openings must be made rat-proof by suitable metal screens. The full floor area under all buildings must be covered by concrete at least one and one-half inches thick, except where the surface of the soil is composed of hard pan or rock; provided, however, that outside of the following described district, buildings occupying a ground space of not more than 800 square feet need not comply with the foregoing provisions, provided that such buildings are elevated at least eighteen inches above the surface of the ground and the walls supporting the building are left open upon the sides and the space under such building exposed.

The district to which the foregoing exemption shall apply shall be all of that portion of the City and County not included within the following boundaries: Commencing at a point where Channel street intersects the waters of the bay; thence along Channel street south to Division street; along Division street to Harrison street; along Harrison street to Army street; along Army street to Castro street; along Castro street to Seventeenth street; along Seventeenth street to Stanyan street; along Stanyan street to Fulton street; along Fulton street to Thirteenth avenue; along Thirteenth avenue to the Presidio wall; along the Presidio wall to Lyon street, and along Lyon street to the waters of the bay and along the waters of the bay to the point of commencement.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, June 22, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 491.

(New Series.)

Amending Order No. 2944, Entitled "An Order to Provide for the Inspection of Milk and Dairy Cows, and to Regulate the Sale of Milk in the City and County of San Francisco, and to Prohibit and Punish the Disposition of Unwholesome, Impure or Adulterated Milk," Approved January 16, 1896, by Adding a New Section Thereto with Reference to the Certification of Milk by a Commission Appointed by the Medical Society of the State of California.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Order No. 2944, entitled "An Order to provide for the inspection of milk and dairy cows, and to regulate the sale of milk in the City and County of San Francisco, and to prohibit and punish the disposition of unwholesome, impure or adulterated milk," approved January 16, 1896, is hereby amended by adding a new section thereto to be numbered Section 3A and to read as follows:

Section 3A. No person, firm or corporation shall sell or exchange, or offer or expose for sale or exchange, as and for certified milk, any milk which does not conform to the regulations prescribed by and bear the certification of a milk commission appointed by the County Medical Society of San Francisco, organized under and chartered by the Medical Society of the State of California. All milk sold as certified milk shall be conspicuously marked with the name of the commission certifying thereto.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, June 22, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 501.

(New Series.)

Declaring Insanitary Buildings, Structures or Parts Thereof Nuisances and Providing for the Abatement Thereof.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. All buildings, structures or parts thereof which are insanitary are hereby declared to be and are nuisances, and the Board of Health is hereby authorized and empowered to abate the same in the manner provided in this Ordinance.

Section 2. Whenever the Health Officer of this City and County shall make written complaint to the Board of Health that any building, structure or part thereof is in an insanitary condition, the Board of Health shall by formal resolution order a hearing of said complaint and fix the time and place therefor. The complaint shall contain general allegations setting forth the conditions complained of.

Section 3. Upon the filing of such complaint, the Board of

Health shall cause a copy thereof, together with a notice of the time and place set for the hearing thereof, to be served personally upon the owner of said structure, building or part thereof complained of, or his agent, or the lessee or the occupant thereof, and shall cause a copy of said complaint, together with said notice of hearing, to be posted in some conspicuous place on said structure. The time fixed for the hearing of said complaint shall not be less than forty-eight (48) hours after the service and posting of the copy of said complaint and said notice. Said notice shall require all persons interested to appear at the hearing to show cause, if any they have, why said structure, building or the part thereof complained of should not be declared insanitary.

Section 4. The Board of Health upon conclusion of said hearing shall decide upon the facts submitted whether or not said alleged condition constitutes a nuisance under the terms of this Ordinance, and shall embody said decision in a formal Resolution setting forth its findings.

Section 5. The Board of Health, upon its determination and finding that the structure, building or part thereof complained of, is a nuisance, shall order the vacation of same for all purposes, and shall cause a copy of said order to be posted in a conspicuous place on the aforesaid structure, building or part thereof determined by said Board to be a nuisance, and a copy thereof to be personally served upon the owner thereof or his agent, or the lessee or the occupant thereof. The order shall specify the time within which said structure, building or part thereof determined by said Board to be a nuisance shall be vacated, which shall not be less than forty-eight (48) hours after the passage of said order and the personal service thereof as above provided.

Section 6. The Health Officer shall give written notification thereof to the Chief of Police, who shall thereupon, through the officers of the Police Department, execute and enforce the said order of vacation.

Section 7. Any owner, or the agent of such owner, or the lessee or the occupant of any structure, building or part thereof ordered vacated hereunder who shall himself or through others forcibly resist or prevent the enforcement of such order shall

be guilty of a misdemeanor and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by a fine of not less than twenty-five dollars, nor more than two hundred and fifty dollars, or by imprisonment in the County Jail for a period of not less than ten days nor more than three months, or by both such fine and imprisonment.

Section 8. Unless within forty-eight (48) hours after the service of notice to vacate as above provided, the owner, or his agent, or the lessee, or the occupant of said building, structure or part thereof, shall notify the Board of Health in writing that he will make or cause to be made such alterations or repairs as in the judgment of the Board of Health shall be necessary for the purpose of making said building, structure or part thereof sanitary, the Board of Health shall proceed to abate the same. If said notice be given as aforesaid the Board of Health shall grant a reasonable time to make said alterations and repairs. If said alterations and repairs are not made and completed within said time allowed by said Board, the Board of Health shall by formal resolution, order, and in accordance with said order, cause the abatement of said nuisance and the destruction of said building, structure or part thereof, herein provided, found and determined to be a nuisance.

Section 9. The structure, building or part thereof vacated hereunder shall not be reoccupied without the written permission of the Board of Health, but such permission must be granted when within the time allowed as hereinbefore specified the alterations and repairs required to be made by the Board of Health shall have been made.

Section 10. Upon the written application therefor of the Board of Health the Board of Supervisors shall allow and order paid out of such fund as the Board of Supervisors may lawfully specify any sums the expenditure of which may be necessary for the enforcement of this Ordinance, and the Auditor shall audit and the Treasurer shall pay such sums so allowed and ordered paid, and the amount so expended shall become a lien upon the property upon which said nuisance was abated in accordance with the provisions of this Ordinance. And said amount may be recovered by an action against said property or the owner thereof.

Section 11. This Ordinance shall take effect and be in force

from and after its passage.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 13, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 502.

(New Series.)

Repealing Ordinance No. 193 (New Series), Entitled "Regulating the Vacation of Unsafe and Unsanitary Structures Used for the Stabling of Horses, Cows or Other Animals, and Providing for the Abatement of Nuisances in Said Structure," Approved March 19, 1907.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Ordinance No. 193 (New Series), entitled, "Regulating the vacation of unsafe and unsanitary structures used for the stabling of horses, cows or other animals, and providing for the abatement of nuisances in said structures," approved March 19, 1907, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 13, 1908.

ORDINANCE NO. 503.

(New Series.)

Repealing Ordinance No. 328, Entitled, "Regulating the Vacation of Unsafe and Unsanitary Structures and the Abatement of Nuisances Therein," Approved July 20, 1901.

Be it ordained by the People of the City and County of San Francisco as follows:

Section 1. Ordinance No. 328, entitled, "Regulating the vacation of unsafe and unsanitary structures, and the abatement of nuisances therein," approved July 20, 1901, be and the same is hereby repealed.

Section 2. This Ordinance shall take effect immediately.

In Board of Supervisors, San Francisco, July 13, 1908.

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